

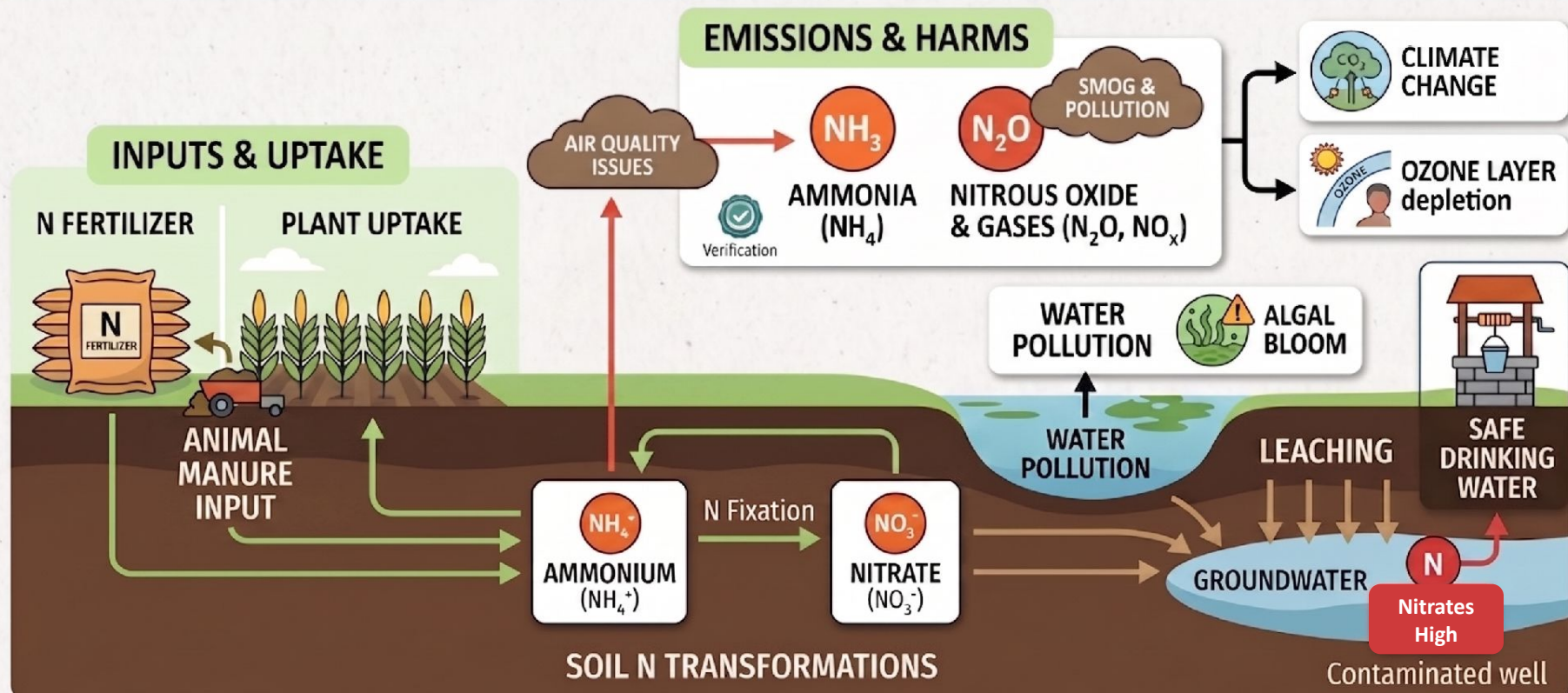
Fertile Ground for Reform: A Research Roadmap for Agricultural Nitrogen Pollution

[doi:10.17605/OSF.IO/RT63B](https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/RT63B)

2026



OVERVIEW: AGRICULTURAL N CYCLE & HARMS



How Agricultural Nitrous Oxide (N₂O) Affects Business and People

N₂O

A potent greenhouse gas



273× WARMING
POTENTIAL VS
POTENTIAL VS CO₂ (verified)



~80%
OF ANTHROPOGENIC N₂O
FROM AGRICULTURE



GROWING THREAT:
Projected growth
without intervention

BUSINESS IMPACT: Nitrogen Inefficiency

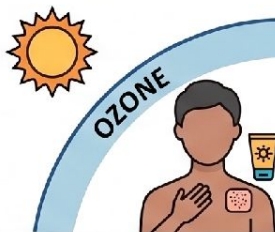


N₂O emissions signal excessive nutrient loss and fertilizer use inefficiency, indicating higher costs for agricultural businesses.



Wasted capital

PUBLIC IMPACT: Climate, Ozone & Health



Direct links to increased global temperatures, ozone layer depletion, and public health risks such as higher **skin cancer incidence**.



Long-term trends

Opportunities to reduce N₂O emissions

Effective farm practices to
minimize nitrous oxide
emissions



Precision
fertilization



Slow-release fertilizers
and bioinputs



Cover Crops



Crop
rotation



Targeted
Drainage

Measurement and modeling help us understand which interventions and practices are succeeding in different places and to predict what is likely to work well.



MRV
(Measurement
and verification)

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Targeted
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MRV is necessary to demonstrate
practices meet standards, align
across trials, and create
confidence in investments.



Standards



Multicenter trials



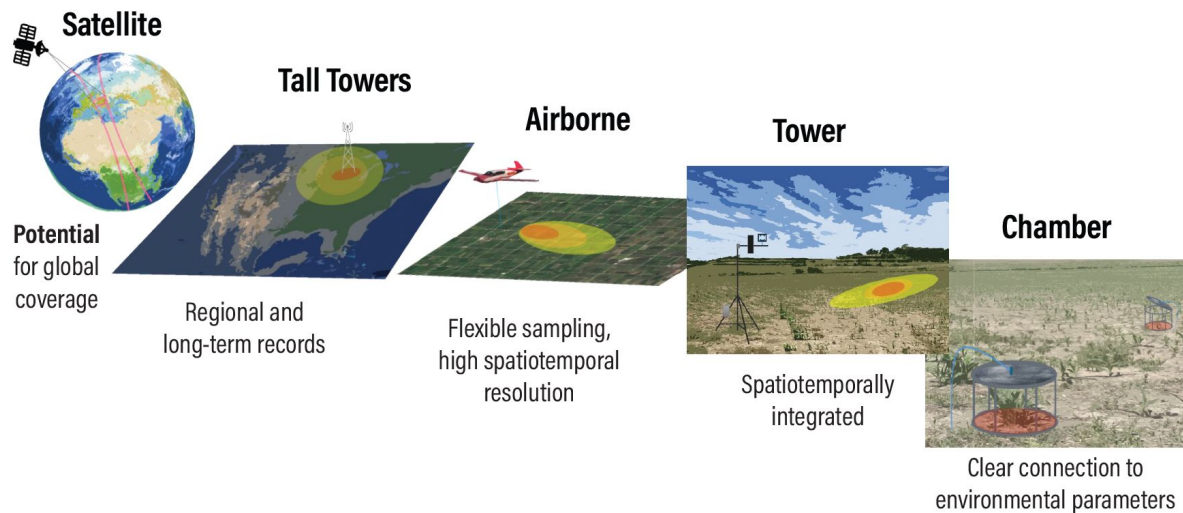
MRV
(Measurement
and verification)



National
investors

How we can assess N₂O emissions

Measurement and Monitoring Technologies (MRV)



Physical Process-based Modeling Technologies

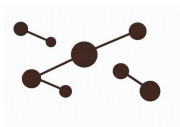


Knowledge Guided Machine Learning and GeoAI Integration

N₂O Measurement Challenges

Low Atmospheric Concentrations

Very low atmospheric concentrations make N₂O detection difficult with standard instruments



Episodic Emissions

Hot spots & hot moments dominate — emissions are patchy and hard to capture continuously



Costly Sensors and Instruments

Current instrumentation is expensive, fragile, and difficult to deploy at scale in field conditions

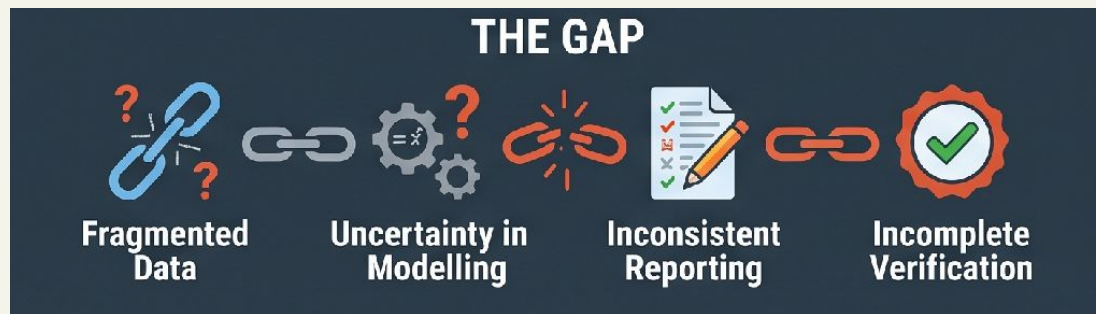


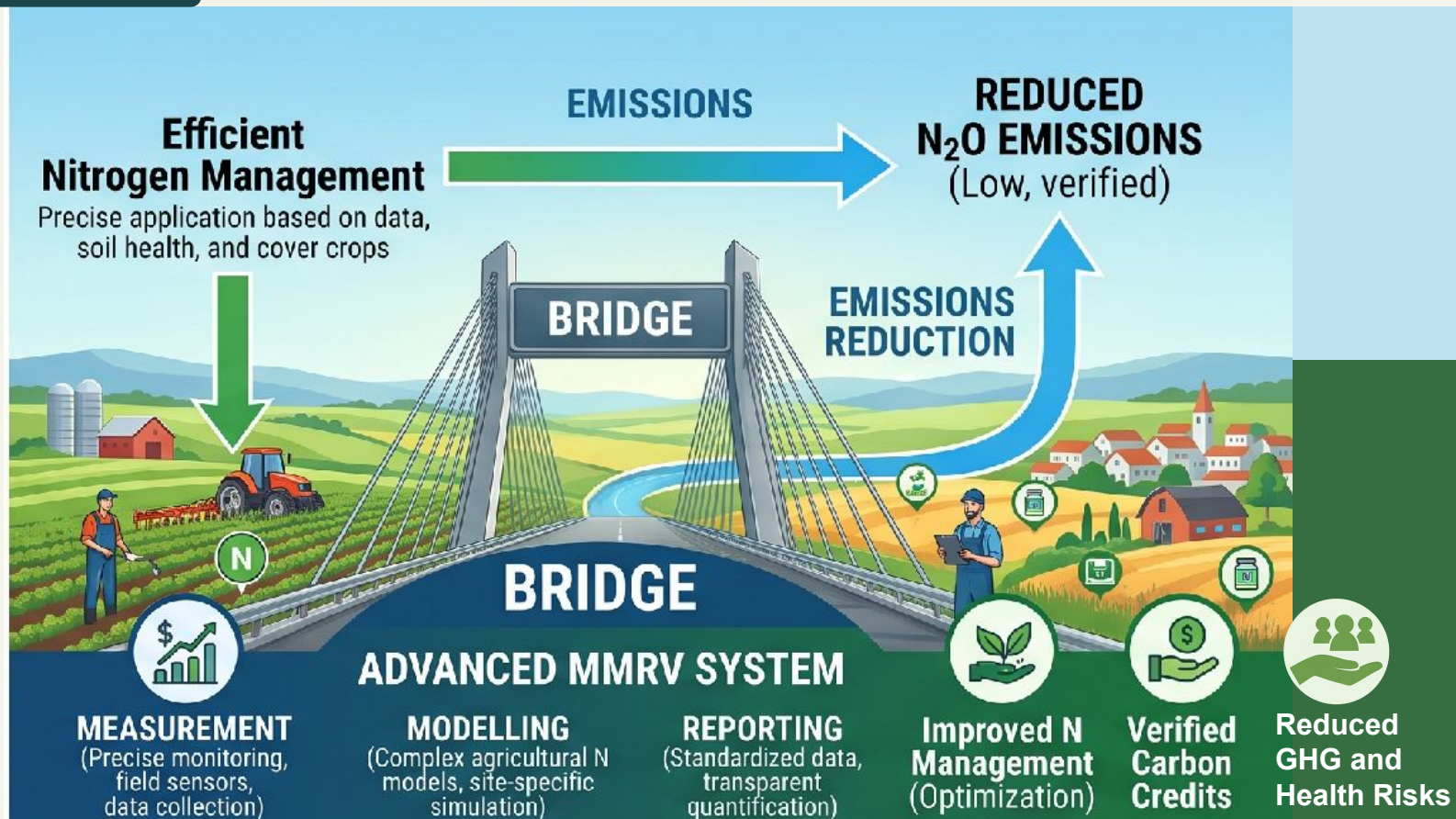
Sparse Monitoring Networks

Sparsely located long-term monitoring networks limit our understanding of spatial and temporal variability across regions



Measurement challenges create Modeling challenges

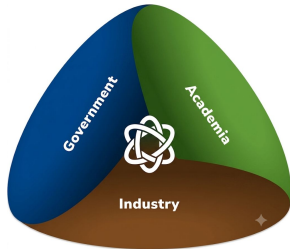




Building the Roadmap

01

Convened science, industry, and government stakeholders to scope the research needed to transform N₂O MMRV and Modeling



02

25+ Scientists and Experts focused on developing a roadmap during 1 year of Collaboration



03

Critical feedback to refine the roadmap was gathered through open comment sessions



What Research Needs to Happen?

Scientific Roadmap for Advancing Agricultural Nitrous Oxide MMRV and Modeling

Citation:

Rath, Daniel, Rachel Opitz, Matt Kaplan, Alex Woodley, Alexandra Huddell, Brian Buma, Ayesha Riaz, et al. 2026. "Scientific Roadmap for Advancing Agricultural Nitrous Oxide MMRV and Modeling." OSF. May 13. doi:10.17605/OSF.IO/RT63B.

<https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/RT63B> // <https://osf.io/rt63b/files/vkepc>

Scientific Roadmap for
Advancing Agricultural
Nitrous Oxide MMRV
and Modeling



Improved Sensors and Models

Key Bottleneck: Sensor Cost and Reliability

Need: Sensor Improvements Across Multiple Platforms

Potential Solution: Emerging Technologies at Lower Costs



Key Bottleneck: Uncertainty

Need: Better Representation of Soil Processes in Process Models

Potential Solution: Hybrid AI and Process Models may help lower uncertainty



Improved Measurement Coordination and Data Infrastructure

Key Bottleneck: Lack of Coordinated Measurement

Need: Measurement Campaigns that bridge Plots, Fields, Landscapes and Regions

Potential Solution: Convenor of cross-scale measurement programs



Key Bottleneck: Lack of Agreement on Vocabularies and Data Governance

Need: Data Pipelines that link to decision support tools and models

Potential Solution: Using FAIR Data Principles

