

WHAT TO EXPECT





## OUTLINE

- What is a COP
- What are the main bodies
- What is the usual rhythm

# “COP”

Technically the Conference of the Parties

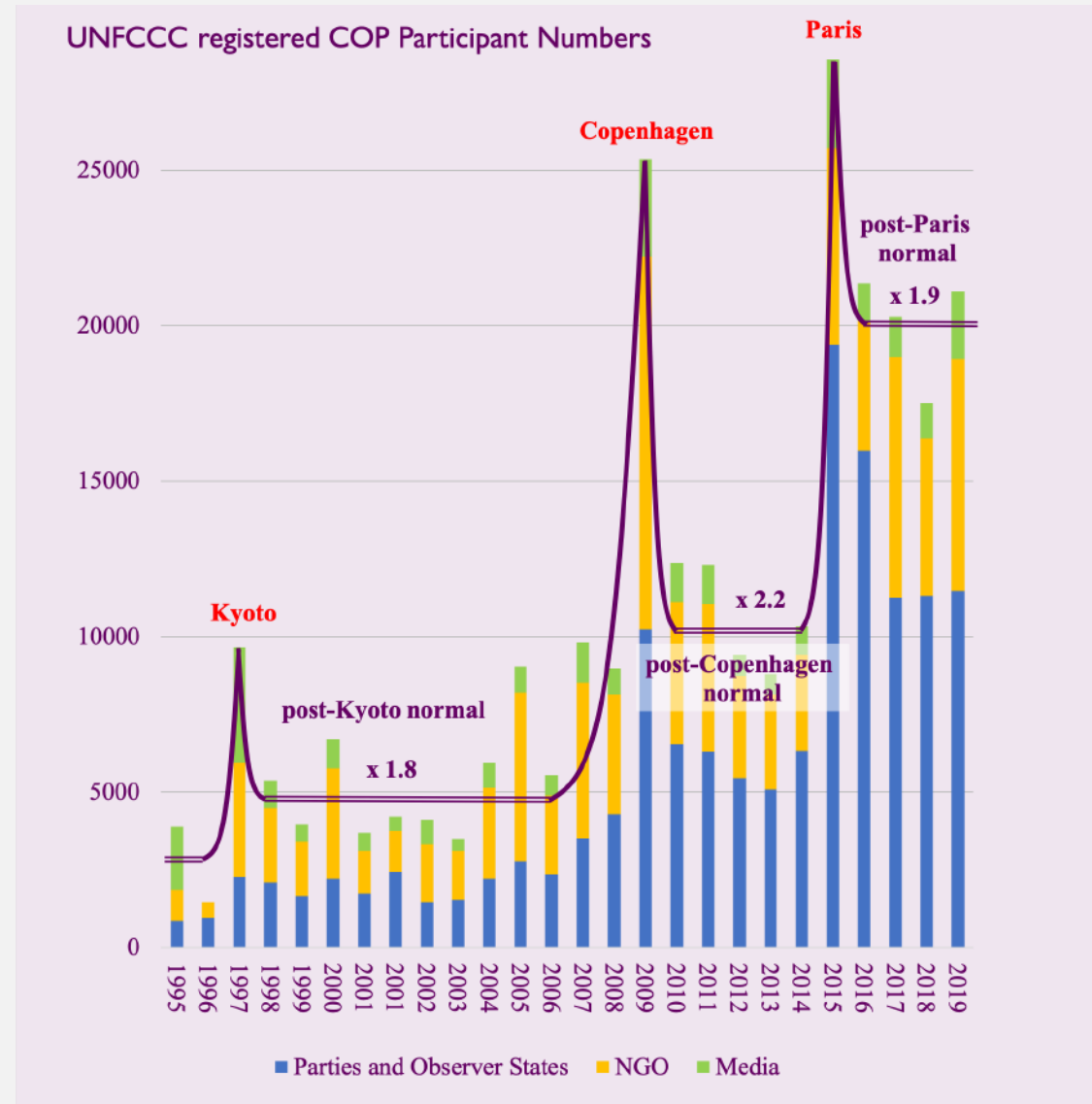
- Negotiations
- Activism
- Mobilize commitments
- Public attention





# EXPANSION

- Largest event on the UN calendar
- Growth from all sides: delegates, NGOs, media



COP (UNFCCC)  
CMA (Paris Agreement)  
CMP (Kyoto Protocol)

Governing Bodies

SBSTA

SBI

Permanent Subsidiary Bodies  
SBSTA: Subsidiary Body for Scientific  
and Technological Advice  
SBI: Subsidiary Body for  
Implementation

Financial Mechanism

Committees  
(Adaptation Committee,  
Standing Committee on Finance  
etc)

Technology Mechanism

Expert Groups (Least  
Developed Expert Group, etc)

Constituted Bodies



# RHYTHM

## Week one

- World Leaders Summit
- Opening bodies
- Technical work

## Week two

- COP / political issues
- Ministers engaged
- Last minute deals



FINANCE



# WHY

- New model of development
- Support for mitigation (reducing emissions) and adaptation (building resilience to climate impacts)
- Long-standing demand of developing countries

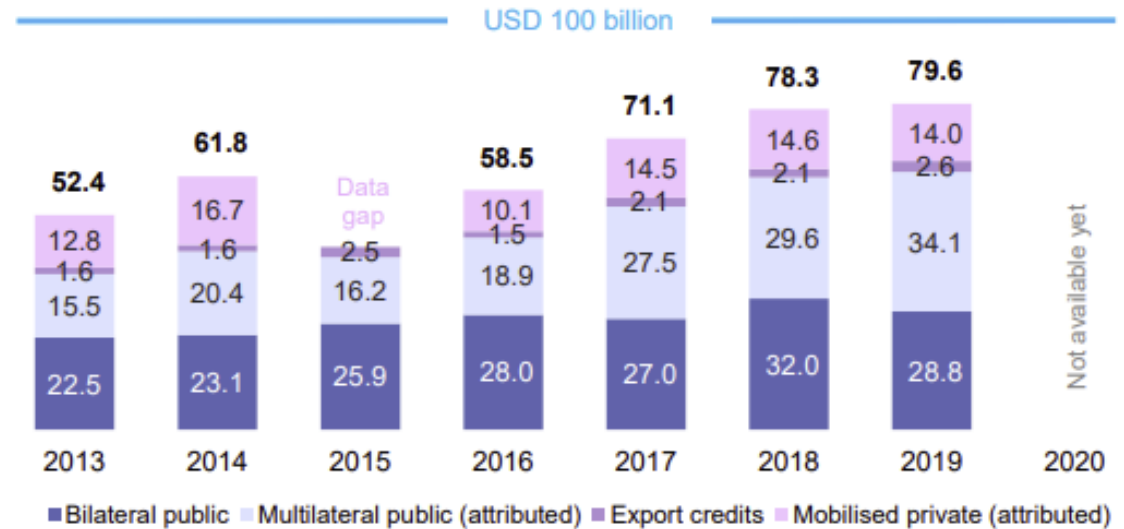




# FINANCE GOAL

- 100 billion per year by 2020
- 10 years on, not met
- Loans vs grants
- Trust
- US: \$11.4 bn by 2024
- EU: +\$4.7 to 2027 (25 bn/yr)

Figure 1.1. Climate finance provided and mobilised (USD billion)



# OTHER FINANCE PRIORITIES

- Guidance to the Global Environment Facility & Green Climate Fund
  - Guide priorities for climate finance
- Assessment of developing countries' needs
- Overview of climate finance flows

