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### **CONGRESSIONAL BRIEFING**

# 2022 Sustainable Energy in America Factbook

Wednesday, March 09, 2022

#### About EESI...



**NON-PROFIT** 

Founded in 1984 by a bipartisan Congressional caucus as an independent (i.e., not federally-funded) non-profit organization

- NON-PARTISAN

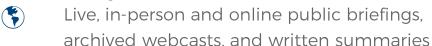
  Source of non-partisan information on environmental, energy, and climate policies
- DIRECT ASSISTANCE
  In addition to a full portfolio of federal policy work, EESI provides direct assistance to utilities to develop "on-bill financing" programs
- SUSTAINABLE SOCIETIES

Focused on win-win solutions to make our energy, buildings, and transportation sectors sustainable, resilient, and more equitable

### Policymaker Education



#### **Briefings and Webcasts**



#### **Climate Change Solutions**

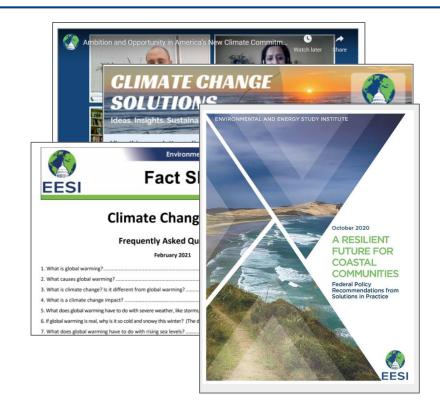
Bi-weekly newsletter with everything policymakers and concerned citizens need to know, including a legislation and hearings tracker

#### **Fact Sheets and Issue Briefs**

Timely, objective coverage of environmental, clean energy, and climate change topics

#### Social Media (@EESIOnline)

Active engagement on Twitter, Facebook, LinkedIn, and YouTube





**BloombergNEF** 



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### **Emily Duncan**

Vice President Government Relations National Grid













### Lisa Jacobson

President
Business Council for
Sustainable Energy















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# The Three Rs of 2021

**BCSE Factbook Launch** 

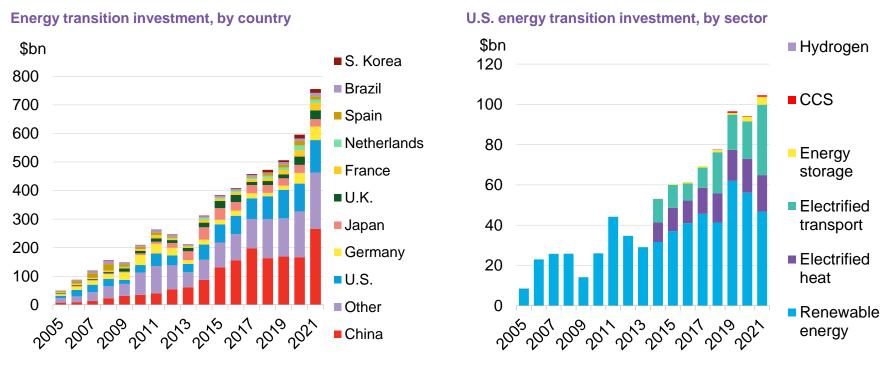
Lisa Jacobson, President BCSE

March 09, 2022

### Records

(Mostly) hooray!

#### **Finance: Energy transition investment**



Source: BloombergNEF, "Energy Transition Investment Trends, 2022". Note: BNEF has updated and expanded its coverage of energy transition investment and slightly modified its methodology. For more see https://www.bnef.com/flagships/clean-energy-investment.

### U.S. renewables continue to set build records

4.2

5.1

2014

8.4

2015

8.4

2016

Record build for renewables and for solar

13.0

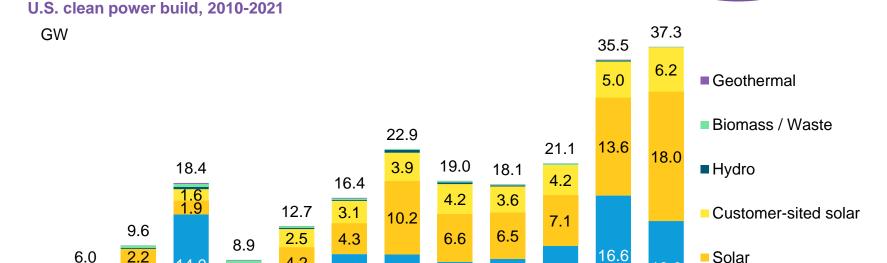
2021e

Wind

9.6

2019

2020



2017 Source: BloombergNEF, EIA Notes: All values are shown in AC except solar, which is included as DC capacity. Numbers include utility-scale (>1MW) projects of all types, rooftop solar, and small- and mediumsized wind. Includes installations or planned installations reported to the EIA through October 2021, as well as BloombergNEF projections.

2018

6.9

2011

0.9

4.8

2010

14.0

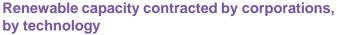
2012

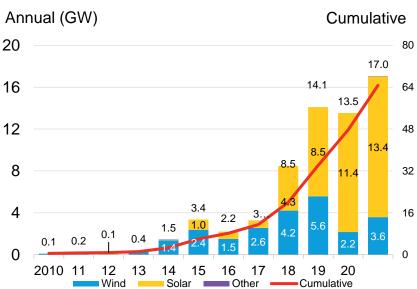
2.3

3.4

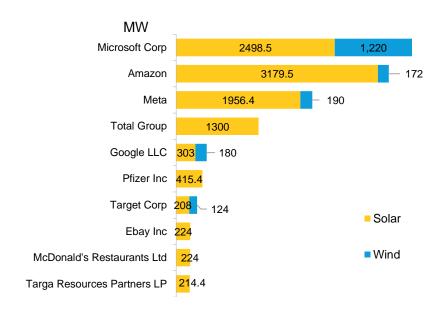
2013

### Finance: Corporate procurement of clean energy in the U.S.





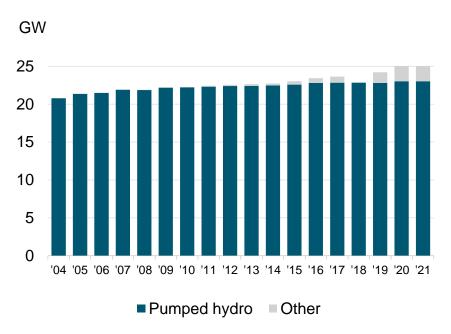
#### Largest corporate offtakers, 2021



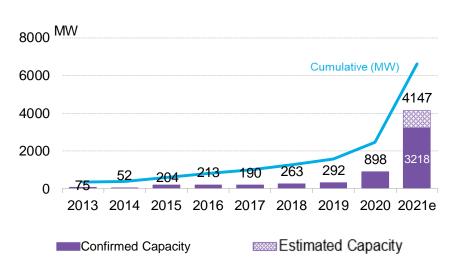
Source: BloombergNEF Note: Charts show offsite PPAs only

### U.S. energy storage capacity

#### **Commissioned capacity**

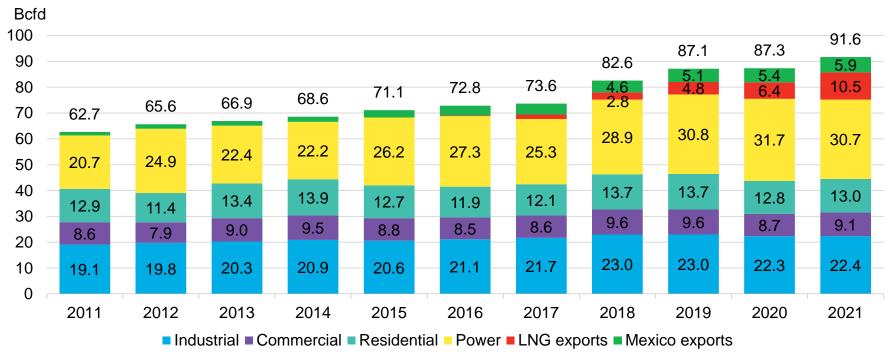


### Non-hydropower commissioned energy storage capacity



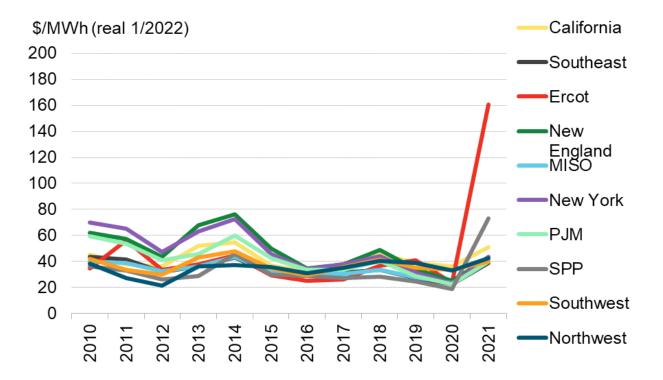
Source: EIA, FERC, BloombergNEF. Note: "Other" includes projects where the technology is unknown, which is frequently lithium-ion batteries. Confirmed capacity refers to projects that have secured financing.

# Deployment: U.S. natural gas demand by end use



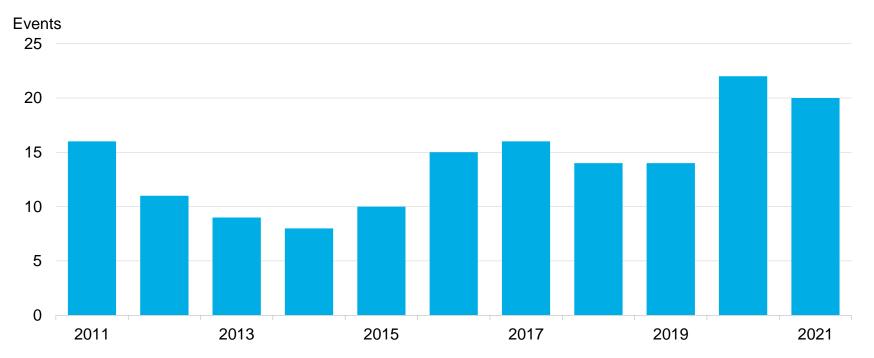
Source: EIA, DOE

### Wholesale power prices



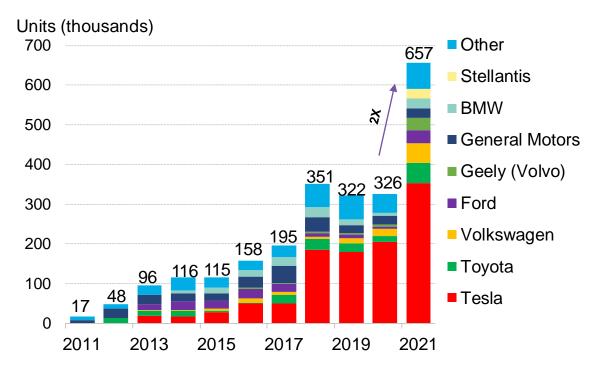
Source: BloombergNEF, EIA, Bloomberg Terminal Notes: Wholesale prices are taken from proxy power hubs in each ISO and are updated through end-2021. All prices are in real Jan 2022 USD. Retail power prices shown here are not exact retail rates but weighted averages across all rate classes by state, as published by EIA 861. Retail prices are updated through October 2021.

### U.S. billion-dollar weather and climate disasters



Source: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, BloombergNEF. Note: Portrays annual counts of drought, flooding, freeze, severe storm, tropical cyclone, wildfire and winter storm events in the U.S. with losses of more than \$1 billion each

### **Electric vehicle sales**



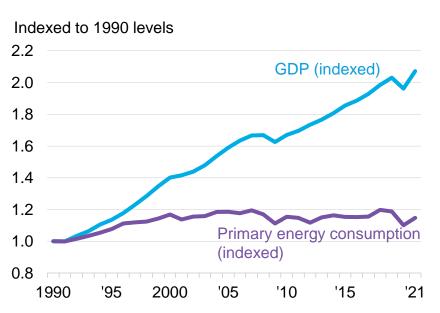
Source: BloombergNEF, Marklines, U.S. Department of Energy

### Recovery

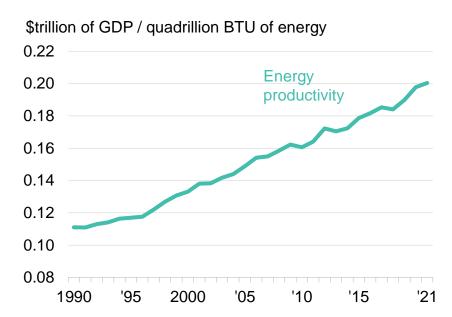
**Bouncing back from 2020** 

# But the economy continues to use energy more efficiently

#### **U.S. GDP and primary energy consumption**

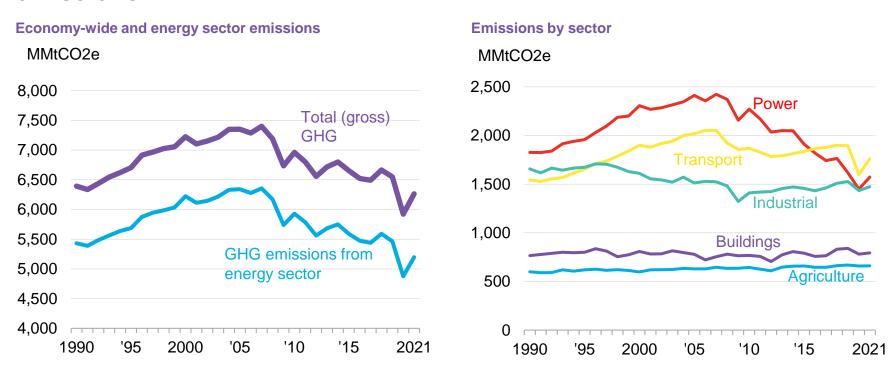


#### **U.S.** energy productivity



Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, EIA, BloombergNEF Notes: Values for 2021 are projected, accounting for seasonality, based on latest monthly values from EIA (data available through September 2021). 2021 GDP estimate is a projection from economists compiled at ECFC <GO> on the Bloomberg Terminal.

### U.S. energy overview: Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions



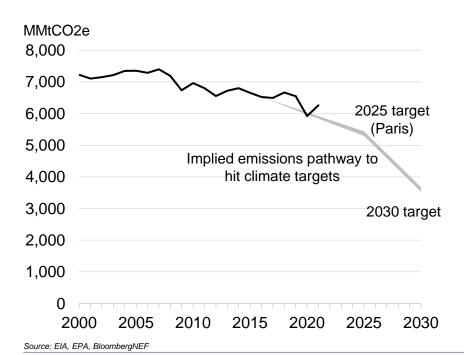
Source: BloombergNEF, EIA, EPA.

### Renewed ambition

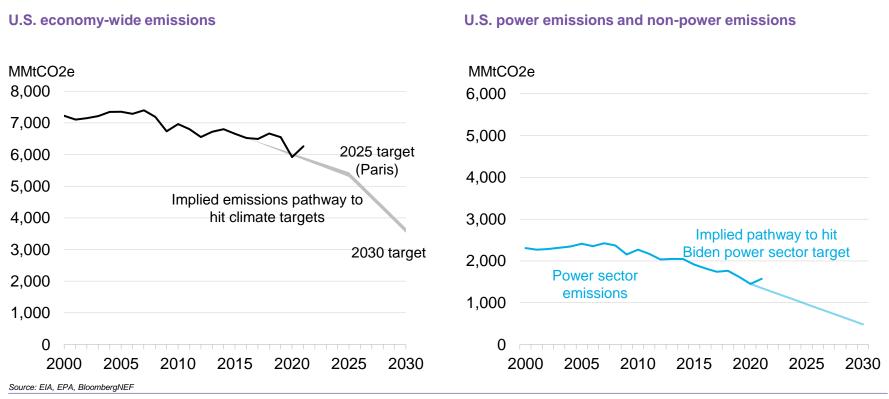
2021 was a year of getting serious

### Policy: U.S. progress toward emissions goals

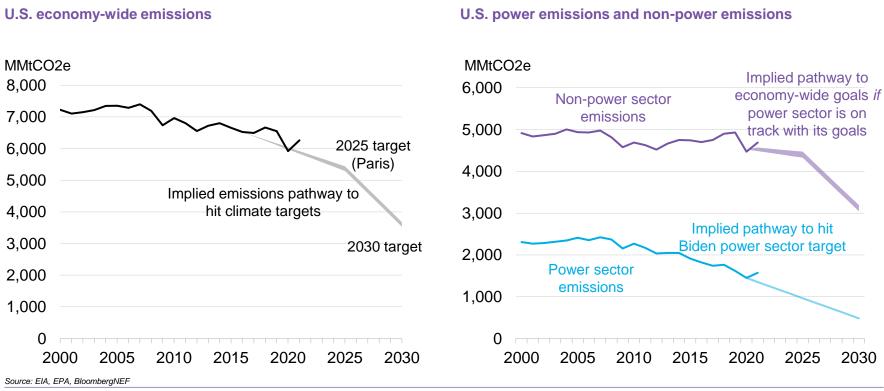
#### U.S. economy-wide emissions



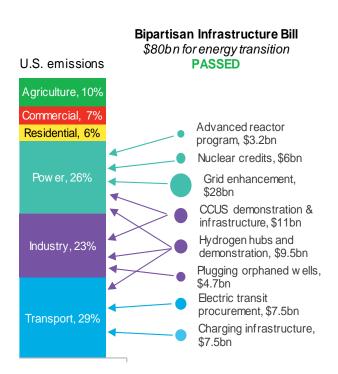
### Policy: U.S. progress toward emissions goals



### Policy: U.S. progress toward emissions goals

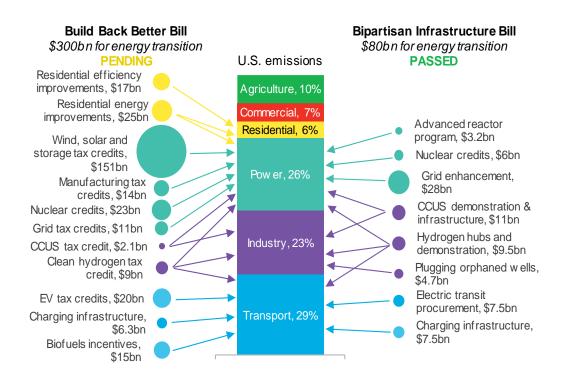


### Energy transition investment in two key pieces of legislation



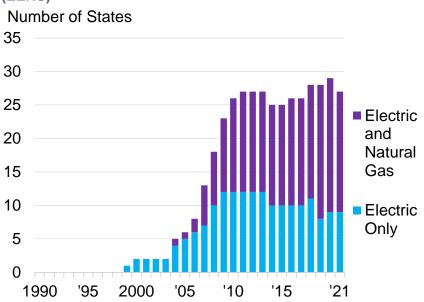
Source: EPA, EIA, BloombergNEF

### Energy transition investment in two key pieces of legislation

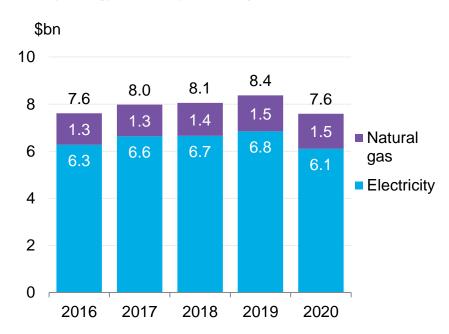


### State Energy Efficiency Policy is a Model of Success

### U.S. states with Energy Efficiency Resource Standards (EERS)



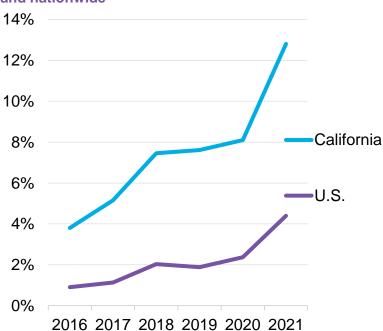
#### **Utility energy efficiency spending**



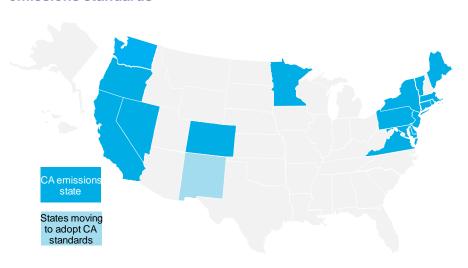
Source: American Council for an Energy Efficient Economy (ACEEE) State Energy Efficiency Scorecard: 2021 Progress Report

#### Policy: Vehicle fuel economy standards





### States that have adopted California's vehicle emissions standards



Source: BloombergNEF, California New Car Dealers Association, Auto Outlook, . Note: The 17 jurisdictions that follow the California GHG standard are Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Minnesota, New Jersey, Nevada, New York, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, Virginia and Washington.

### **Industry Insight Panel**













### **Bill Parsons**

Vice President, Federal and State
Affairs
American Clean Power Association





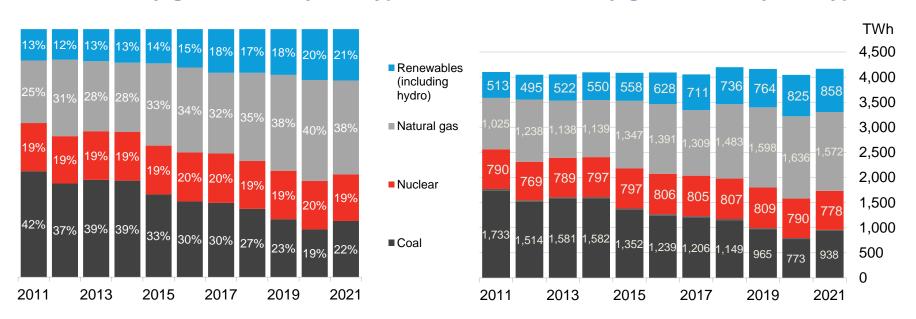




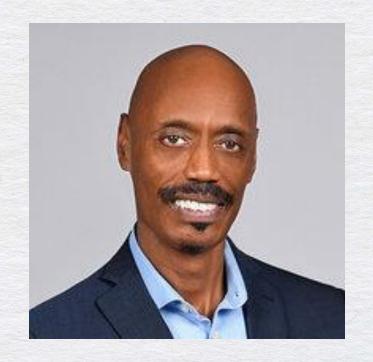
# U.S. energy overview: electricity generation mix

U.S. electricity generation, by fuel type

U.S. electricity generation, by fuel type



Source: EIA, BloombergNEF Note: Values for 2021 are projected, accounting for seasonality, based on latest monthly values from EIA (data available through October 2021)



### **Vincent Barnes**

Senior Vice President, Policy and Research Alliance to Save Energy





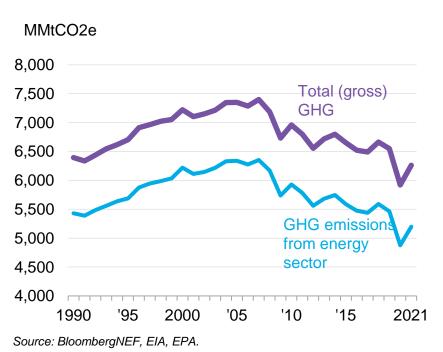




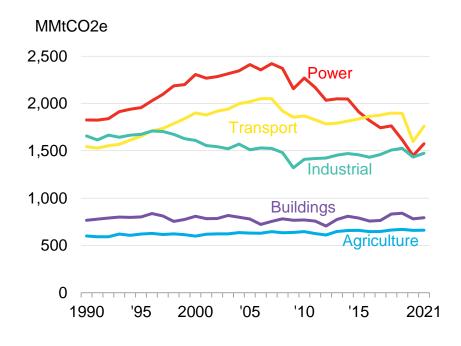


# U.S. energy overview: Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions

**Economy-wide and energy sector emissions** 



#### **Emissions by sector**





### **Erin Duncan**

Vice President, Congressional
Affairs
Solar Energy Industries Association



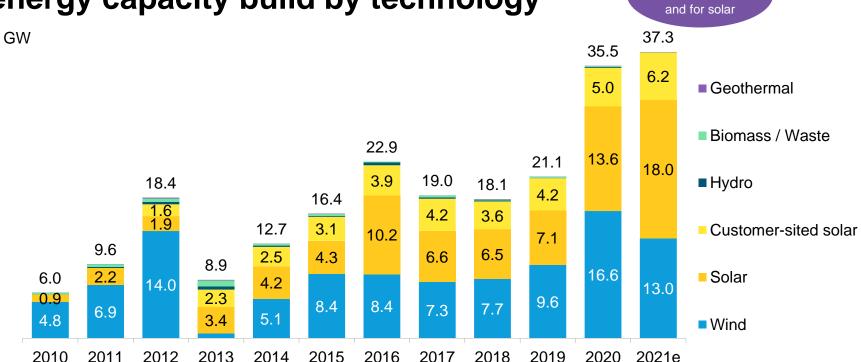












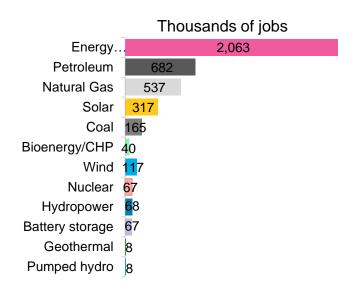
Source: BloombergNEF, EIA Notes: All values are shown in AC except solar, which is included as DC capacity. Numbers include utility-scale (>1MW) projects of all types, rooftop solar, and small- and medium-sized wind. Includes installations or planned installations reported to the EIA through October 2021, as well as BloombergNEF projections.

Record build

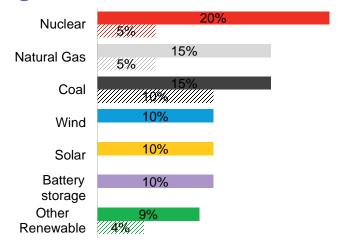
for renewables

# U.S. energy overview: Jobs in select segments of the energy sector

Jobs in select energy segments, 2020



Unionization rates in select energy segments, 2020



Source: The U.S. Energy Employment Report, NASEO and EFI. Notes: This data relies on thousands of data points provided via survey. Fuel employment encompasses all work related to fuel extraction, mining and processing, as well as workers in the forestry and agriculture sectors who support biofuel production. Generation includes all utility and non-utility employment related to electric generation technologies, including firms that engage in construction, operations, maintenance, and generation equipment manufacturing.



### **Mark Lessans**

Director of Regulatory and Environmental Affairs
Johnson Controls





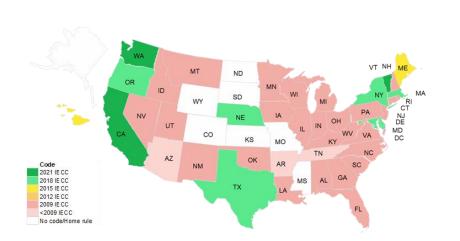






# Deployment: Statewide energy code adoption

Residential Commercial





Source: EERE, ACEEE, BloombergNEF. Note: The maps represent EERE analysis of energy savings impacts from state code adoptions. Any code for which the Energy Index is not more than 1% higher than that of an IECC or Standard 90.1 edition is considered equivalent to that code edition. For more on the EERE methodology see <u>link</u>.





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