

# Green Hydrogen Briefing

April 27<sup>th</sup> 2022

## What I'll cover today

- Hydrogen 101
- Cost
- U.S. policy landscape
- Green Hydrogen Catapult

# "Hydrogen 101"

RMI – Energy. Transformed.

# What is hydrogen?

A molecule...

Similar to fossil fuels...

#### Combustion produces • high temperatures

- It is energy dense
- It can be involved in • chemical reactions

 $H^2$ H<sub>2</sub>O

CH,

Unlike fossil fuels...

#### Giving it a unique role in net zero

As a fuel where • high temperatures are needed



• As a fuel where high energy density is needed



As a chemical • feedstock





CO<sub>2</sub>



# What role will hydrogen play in achieving net zero?

#### 1. Replace hydrogen in existing end uses





# Hydrogen is vital for net zero, but is only one piece of the puzzle



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Source: IEA, Global Hydrogen Review 2021, link

## How is hydrogen produced?

#### **GRAY HYDROGEN**

Made from natural gas (typically methane) through process known as steam methane reforming.

#### **BROWN HYDROGEN**

Made from coal or lignite through process of gasification.

#### **BLUE HYDROGEN**

Same as gray or brown hydrogen, but with CO<sub>2</sub> emissions captured and stored (lower-carbon solution).



#### **GREEN HYDROGEN**

Made from electrolysis of water, powered by renewable energy with zero carbon emissions.

#### PINK HYDROGEN

Made from electrolysis of water, powered by nuclear energy.

#### WHITE HYDROGEN

Naturally-occurring hydrogen found in underground deposits (generally not accessible today).

Source: Heliogen, <u>link</u>

### **Grey Hydrogen Pathway**



### Blue Hydrogen Pathway



### Green Hydrogen Pathway



Today's approximate values shown, emissions dependent on efficiency of capture, upstream emissions, electricity sourcing.

Capture rate used: 56-95%. Based on RMI analysis, the best blue (95% capture, 0.05% leakage) case still results in ~1.7kgCO2/kgH2 based on a typical grid emissions.



## How much does hydrogen cost?

Hydrogen costs – now and future, \$/kg H2



Source: RMI analysis; RFF analysis, link; DOE Hydrogen Shot; Carbon Brief / BloombergNEF, link

## Why are green hydrogen costs expected to drop?

### Today

- Renewables and electrolyzer are two Capex drivers
- Electrolyzers need high utilization due to Capex of ~\$700/KW
- Combined wind and solar generation to improve renewable energy system availability

### **Tomorrow**

- Improved manufacturing and system design drives electrolyzer Capex down to \$200/KW
- Electrolyzer operation moves to capture generation, making utilization less critical
- Shift to use the least cost generation resource more heavily



Today assumes \$700/kW electrolyzer capex, \$800/kW solar capex, \$1000/kW wind capex, and \$516/kg hydrogen storage capex Tomorrow assumes \$200/kW electrolyzer capex, \$500/kW solar capex, \$800/kW wind capex, and \$516/kg hydrogen storage capex

# **U.S. Policy Landscape**

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# U.S. federal policy landscape

#### Bipartisan Infrastructure Law

- 4+ hydrogen hubs (\$8bn)
- RD&D (\$1.5bn)
- National strategy; clean hydrogen definition

#### Reconciliation

 Production incentive of \$3/kg for cleanest hydrogen; bringing renewable 'green' close to parity with fossil 'blue' and 'grey'



#### Requirements for:

Notes

Oppor-

unlocked

tunity

- Feedstock diversity
- End use diversity
- Geographic diversity
- Max. employment

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#### Tiered incentive:

- <0.45 kgCO2e/kgH2 = \$3</p>
- <1.5 = \$1.00
- <2.5 = \$0.75
- <4 = \$0.60
- <6 = \$0.45

- \$500m for H2 equipment at ports and for shipping
- \$1.2b for H2 in industrial end use applications
- \$500m in grants/loans for H2 transport/ storage infra.

## What's needed next?

The hydrogen economy needs local and state support to be successful

- Prioritizing end uses directing \$\$ toward high-value long-term uses
- **Integrated planning** considering system design including feedstocks
  - Permitting siting and building necessary infrastructure
- **Safety and handling** updating regulations for new hydrogen industries



## U.S. state policy landscape

	Current	In development	
States with	<ul> <li>California (LCFS, ZEV targets)</li> </ul>	California	
hydrogen	<ul> <li>Washington</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Colorado</li> </ul>	
strategies		<ul> <li>Illinois (stalled)</li> </ul>	
and/or		<ul> <li>New Mexico (stalled)</li> </ul>	
incentives:		New York	

States with interest in H2 hub funding

- Half of U.S. states have announced interest in H2 Hub funding:
- AR, AZ, CA, CO, CT, IL, LA, MA, MS, NC, ND, NJ, NM, NY, OH, OK, OR, PA, SC, TX, UT, WA, WV, WY

# Green Hydrogen Catapult

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Acwa Power

Arcelor Mittal



H2**green steel** 





Orsted



GHC is a private sector coalition, convened with the support of the UN High-Level Climate Champions and coordinated by RMI. It bring together the world's biggest green hydrogen project developers to drive down the production cost of green hydrogen.

**Our members** include ACWA Power, Arcelor Mittal, CWP Renewables, Fortescue Future Industries, H2 Green Steel, HyStor, Iberdrola, Mærsk Mc-Kinney Møller Institute for Zero Carbon Shipping, Ørsted, ReNew Power, Snam, and Yara.

**Our Mission** is to mobilize **80GW of green hydrogen capacity by mid-2026** to catalyze market growth, making possible a future where **green hydrogen is produced well below \$2/kg**.

**Our Approach** is focused on 1) Developing "breakthrough" green hydrogen production solutions that can meet the cost target in many regions of the world, not just the most favorable, 2) Rally coordinated action in key sector supply chains 3) Equip policy makers with insights, targets, and policy options to drive down costs to stimulate market formation.

Taking action now is critical to meet out global climate targets. Scaling Giga-Watts requires a whole system approach that begins with designing-in the future, the GHC is helping to lead the way.

## **GHC** areas of focus for 2022

#### Mobilize GW-scale Projects and Demand

Work with demand sectors to translate commitments to real projects

#### Hub Demand Aggregation in Key Regions (US, EU, Global South)

- Support operationalization of medium-term targets into near-term procurement
- Aggregate portfolios of projects into hydrogen clusters

Steel	Shipping	Fertilizer
<ul> <li>Domestic green production pathways</li> <li>Establish procurement coalitions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Green corridors</li> <li>Port infrastructure and value chains</li> <li>Book and claim system</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Switch production assets to green H2</li> <li>Demand aggregation via certification and buyer schemes</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Supercharge policy</li> <li>Support enabling policy to foster demand in select hubs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Demand stimulation policy blueprints</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Support to develop global</li> <li>Green H2 Standard</li> </ul>

# Thank you!

Questions or feedback welcome Alexa Thompson: <u>athompson@rmi.org</u>