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Environmental and  
Energy Study Institute

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# Investments in Clean Energy and Transportation Innovations in the Federal and Private Sectors

Thursday, April 13, 2023

# About EESI



## **Non-partisan Educational Resources for Policymakers**

A bipartisan Congressional caucus founded EESI in 1984 to provide non-partisan information on environmental, energy, and climate policies

## **Direct Assistance for Equitable and Inclusive Financing Program**

In addition to a full portfolio of federal policy work, EESI provides direct assistance to utilities to develop “on-bill financing” programs

## **Commitment to Diversity, Equity, Inclusion, and Justice**

We recognize that systemic barriers impede fair environmental, energy, and climate policies and limit the full participation of Black, Indigenous, people of color, and legacy and frontline communities in decision-making

## **Sustainable Solutions**

*Our mission is to advance science-based solutions for climate change, energy, and environmental challenges in order to achieve our vision of a sustainable, resilient, and equitable world.*

# Polycymaker Education

## Briefings and Webcasts



Live, in-person and online public briefings, archived webcasts, and written summaries

## Climate Change Solutions



Bi-weekly newsletter with everything policymakers and concerned citizens need to know, including a legislation and hearings tracker

## Fact Sheets and Issue Briefs



Timely, objective coverage of environmental, clean energy, and climate change topics

## Social Media (@EESIOnline)



Active engagement on Twitter, Facebook, LinkedIn, and YouTube

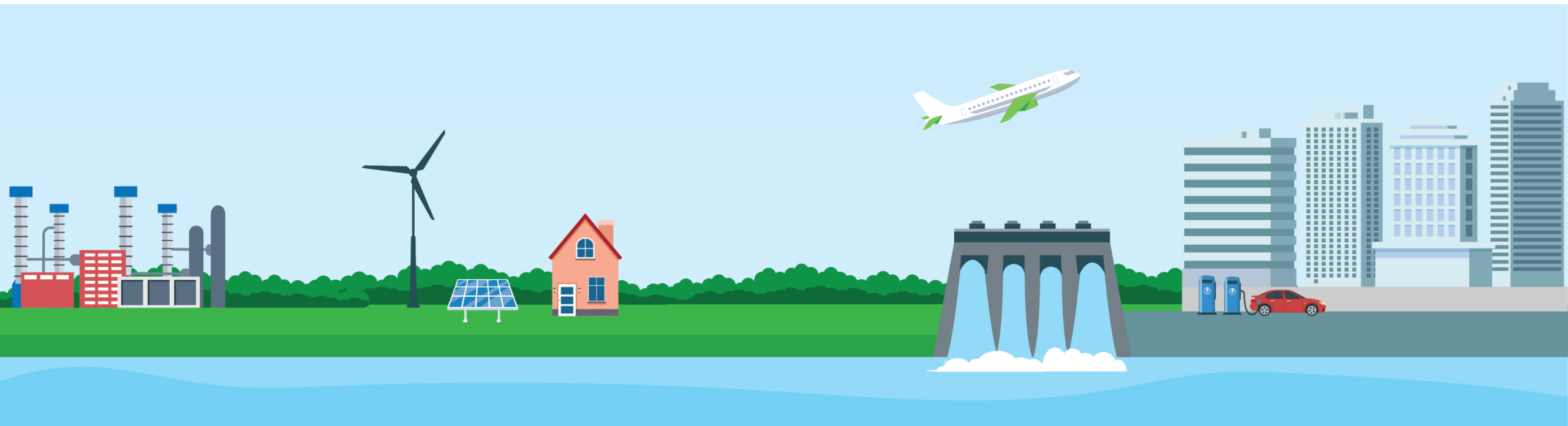


# EESI FY 2024 Budget Briefing

**Alejandro Moreno**

Acting Assistant Secretary, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy

Thursday, April 13, 2023



# EERE Guiding Principles

## EERE Mission Program Priorities

100% decarbonized electric grid by 2035

Reduce the carbon footprint of buildings

Decarbonizing the agriculture sector, specifically focused on the nexus between energy and water

Decarbonize transportation across all modes

Decarbonize energy intensive industries

## Keys to Ensure the Greatest Impact

Environmental Justice and Equity

Diversity in STEM

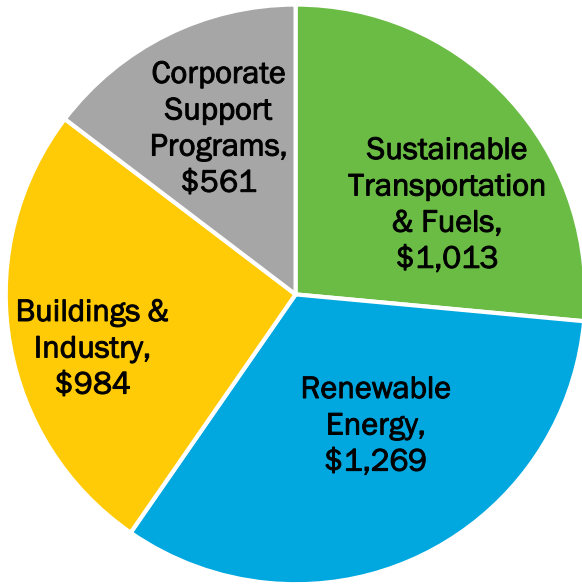
Workforce Development

State and Local Partnerships



# EERE FY 2024 Request Summary

This Request builds on FY 2023 investments with key changes that further RDD&D for net-zero greenhouse gas emissions goals



Funding in \$ Million

| \$ in thousands                    | FY 2022* Enacted | FY 2023* Enacted | FY 2024 Request  | Delta (\$) FY 2023 to FY 2024 | Delta (%) FY 2023 to FY 2024 |
|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Sustainable Transportation & Fuels | 839,500          | 905,000          | 1,013,017        | 108,017                       | 12%                          |
| Renewable Energy                   | 708,800          | 792,000          | 1,268,743        | 476,743                       | 60%                          |
| Buildings & Industry               | 710,500          | 782,000          | 983,583          | 201,583                       | 26%                          |
| Corporate Support Programs         | 340,184          | 412,000          | 560,773          | 148,773                       | 36%                          |
| Congressionally Directed Spending  | 77,047           | TBD              | -                |                               |                              |
| <b>Total, EERE</b>                 | <b>2,676,031</b> | <b>2,891,000</b> | <b>3,826,116</b> | <b>935,116</b>                | <b>32%</b>                   |


\*Excludes SCEP, MESC, FEMP; Activities designated for re-alignment to Office of Under Secretary for Infrastructure




# Sustainable Transportation & Fuels

FY 2024 RDD&D efforts focused on decarbonizing transportation across all modes and enabling vehicle electrification, commercially viable hydrogen fuel cell trucks, and sustainable aviation fuels.


Mode-specific Decarbonization Plans




Improve Customer Charging Experience




Drive Down Battery Costs



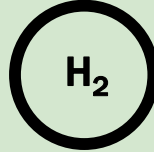
Scale-up Sustainable Aviation Fuels



Reduce GHG for Biofuels



Focus on Hydrogen Production and Delivery



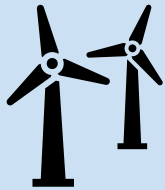
| \$ in thousands                     | FY 2023 Enacted | FY 2024 Request | \$ Change | % Change |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|----------|
| Vehicle Technologies                | 455,000         | 526,942         | 71,942    | 15.8%    |
| Bioenergy Technologies              | 280,000         | 323,000         | 43,000    | 15.3%    |
| Hydrogen and Fuel Cell Technologies | 170,000         | 163,075         | -6,925    | -4.0%    |



# Renewable Energy

FY 2024 RDD&D efforts in solar, wind, water, and geothermal power focused on helping **reduce costs** and accelerating the use and **integration of renewables** as part of a **reliable, secure, and resilient grid**.

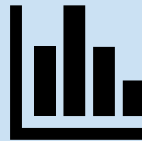
Reduce Costs for Renewable Energy Technologies



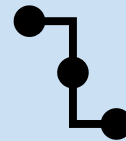
Address Barriers to Utilization



Provide Technology, Data, and Tools



Support Supply Chains



Ensure Reliability and Resilience



Create Regional Energy-Water Testing and Validation



| \$ in thousands                   | FY 2023 Enacted | FY 2024 Request | \$ Change | % Change |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|----------|
| Renewable Energy Grid Integration | 45,000          | 59,066          | 14,066    | 31.2%    |
| Solar Energy Technologies         | 318,000         | 378,908         | 60,908    | 19.1%    |
| Wind Energy Technologies          | 132,000         | 385,000         | 253,000   | 191.6%   |
| Water Power Technologies          | 179,000         | 229,769         | 50,769    | 28.3%    |
| Geothermal Technologies           | 118,000         | 216,000         | 98,000    | 83.0%    |

*Excludes certain activities in WPTO transferring to the Office of the Undersecretary of Infrastructure due to the realignment within DOE.*





# Buildings & Industry

FY 2024 RDD&D efforts focused on the **resilience of homes and buildings** and strengthening U.S. manufacturing competitiveness.

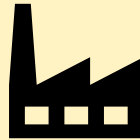
Accelerate Energy Efficiency and Decarbonization



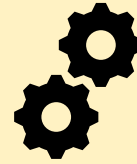
Invest in Grid-edge Technologies



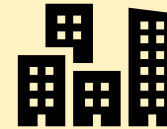
Ensure Manufacturing Competitiveness



Utilize Innovative Partnerships and Tools



Support Building Codes



Advance Appliance Standards

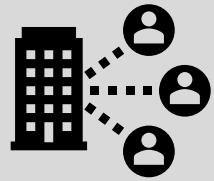


| \$ in thousands                                 | FY 2023 Enacted | FY 2024 Request | \$ Change | % Change |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|----------|
| Advanced Materials and Manufacturing Technology | 183,500         | 241,497         | 57,997    | 32%      |
| Industrial Efficiency & Decarbonization         | 266,500         | 394,245         | 127,745   | 48%      |
| Building Technologies                           | 332,000         | 347,841         | 15,841    | 4.7%     |



# From Technology to Solutions

FY 2024 cross-cutting initiatives aimed at **addressing interconnected challenges** faced by **communities** across the renewable energy, transportation, and buildings sectors.



Connected  
Communities



Clean Energy to  
Communities



Energy Transitions  
Initiative



Clean Cities  
Coalitions





# EESI Briefing: Investments in Clean Energy and Transportation Innovations in the Federal and Private Sectors

Meyer Seligman  
Director, Government Relations  
April 13, 2023



# National Laboratory System Coast to Coast

The 17 national laboratories have served as the leading institutions for scientific innovation in the United States for more than 90 years.



# NREL Science Drives Innovation



## Renewable Power

- Solar
- Wind
- Water
- Geothermal



## Sustainable Transportation

- Bioenergy
- Hydrogen and Fuel Cells
- Transportation and Mobility



## Energy Efficiency

- Advanced Manufacturing
- Buildings
- State, Local, and Tribal Governments



## Energy Systems Integration

- Energy Security and Resilience
- Grid Modernization
- Integrated Energy Solutions

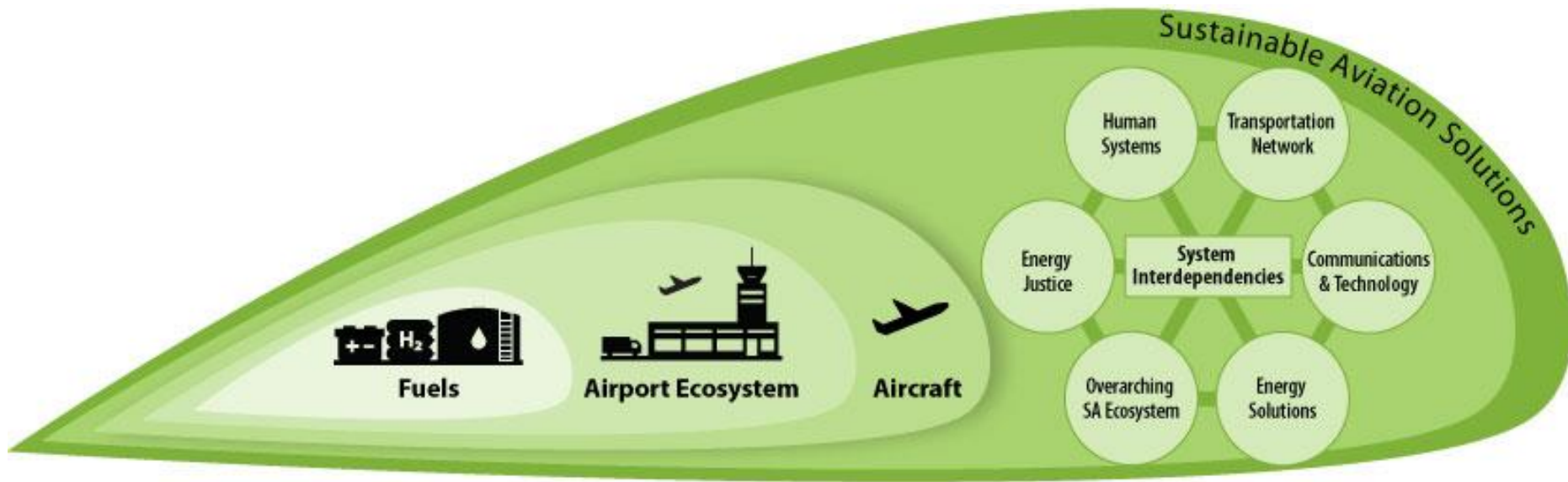


## Floating Offshore Wind Systems

- Building wind plants in water depths greater than 60 meters offers tremendous opportunity for expanded wind deployment
- Floating solutions stretch the capabilities for system design and optimization
- NREL's offshore wind turbine research capabilities focus on the long-term needs of the industry, including developing innovative controls at the turbine and plant levels, advancing modeling and simulation capabilities to assess and optimize novel designs, and supporting standards development.

### Shell Collaboration:

- Exploring use of active wake steering for US offshore wind projects
- Yield assessment and loads analysis with active wake steering
- New operating regime with large scale (~1GW) bottom-fixed offshore wind plants that use 15-MW class turbines.



## A Holistic Approach to Aviation Decarbonization

- Low- and Net-Zero-Carbon Aviation Fuels and Energy Carriers
- Integrated, Decarbonized Ground Aviation Infrastructure
- Sustainable Aircraft of the Future



The Los Angeles 100% Renewable Energy Study



## The Challenge:

- How can Los Angeles ensure its transition to 100% clean energy with high levels of electrification improves energy justice?

## Our Solution:

- Prioritize energy justice outcomes based on community input
- Analyze clean-energy transition pathways that maximize energy justice outcomes for all communities in LA

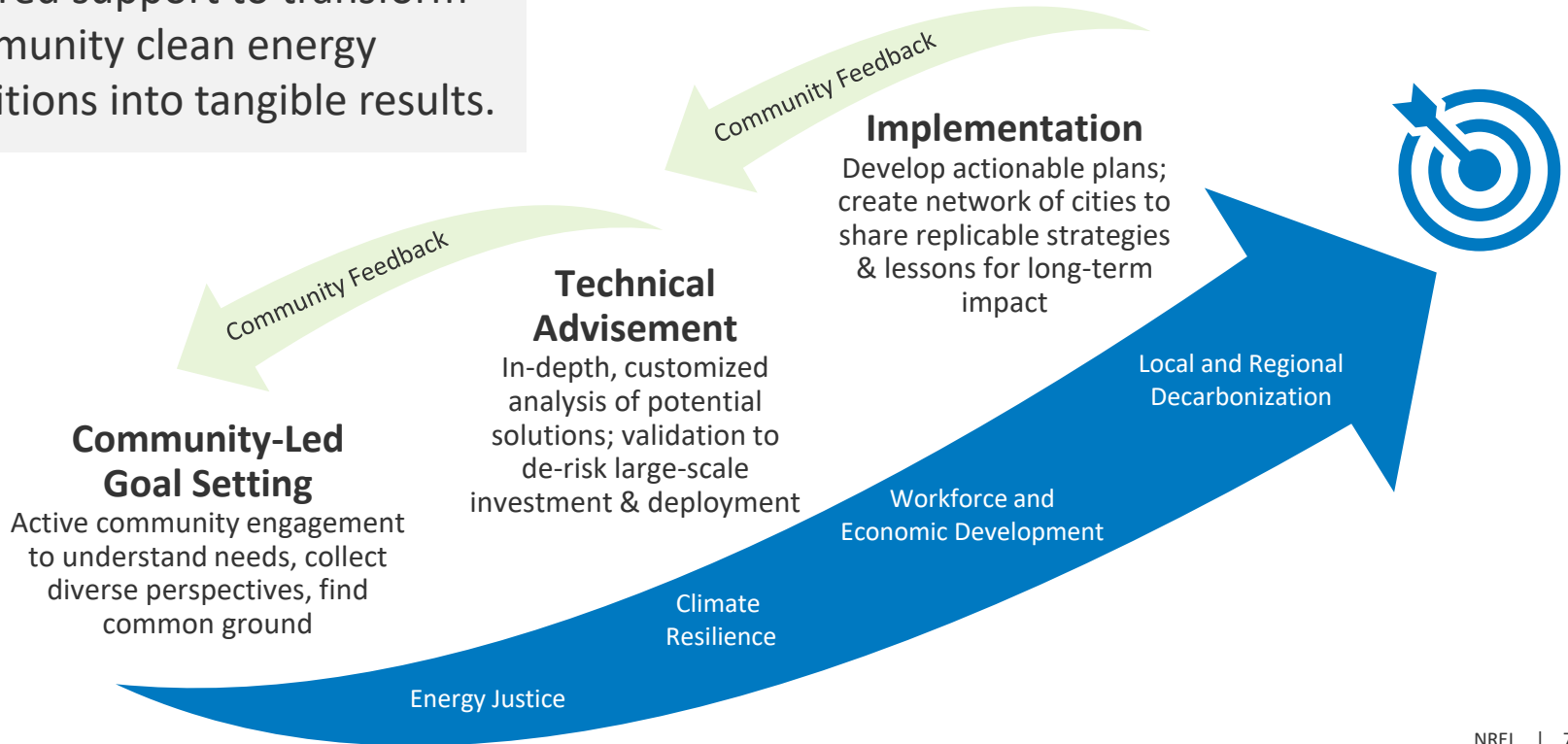
## Potential Impact:

- Improved understanding of factors contributing to energy inequities
- Implementation-ready strategies to address energy justice in LA
- Replicable approaches for incorporating energy justice in future research



# C2C: Clean Energy to Communities

Tailored support to transform community clean energy ambitions into tangible results.



# Partnering for Impact

In 2022, NREL had more than 1,000 active partnerships with industry, academia, and government.



In 2022, NREL signed a partnership with **Fortescue Future Industries**, a subsidiary of the Australian mining powerhouse, to advance green hydrogen production and technologies.



**WELLS FARGO**

Cofounded by NREL in 2014 and now in its 12<sup>th</sup> cohort, the **Wells Fargo Innovation Incubator (IN<sup>2</sup>)** provides cleantech startups with \$250K in technical assistance via multimillion-dollar state-of-the-art facilities.



NREL and power management company **Eaton** expanded on their decade-long partnership in 2018 by co-locating at the lab's Energy Systems Integration Facility to work on grid integration.



In 2022, NREL and the **Lithuanian Energy Agency** agreed to conduct a multiyear study to develop pathways for how Lithuania can achieve a secure, reliable, and 100% carbon-free electricity system.



# Thank you

[www.nrel.gov](http://www.nrel.gov)

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**NREL**  
Transforming **ENERGY**



# Aviation's Market Pull for SAF (Sustainable Aviation Fuel) and the indispensable linkage to the work of EERE and BETO



**EESI**

Environmental and Energy  
Study Institute

EESI Briefings Series:  
Investments in Clean Energy and  
Transportation Innovations in the  
Federal and Private Sectors

Steve Csonka  
Executive Director, CAAFI



First flight from continuous commercial production of SAF  
UAL 0708, 10 March 2016, LAX-SFO

Fuel from World Energy - Paramount (HEFA-SPK 30/70 Blend).

Only U.S. facility offering continuous production of SAF at present.  
Other batch production & tolling occurring due to extreme customer interest.

*An aviation industry coalition established in 2006 to facilitate and promote the development and commercialization of sustainable aviation fuel (SAF), coincident with the industry's sustainability commitments*

*Goal is development of non-petroleum, drop-in, jet fuel production with:*

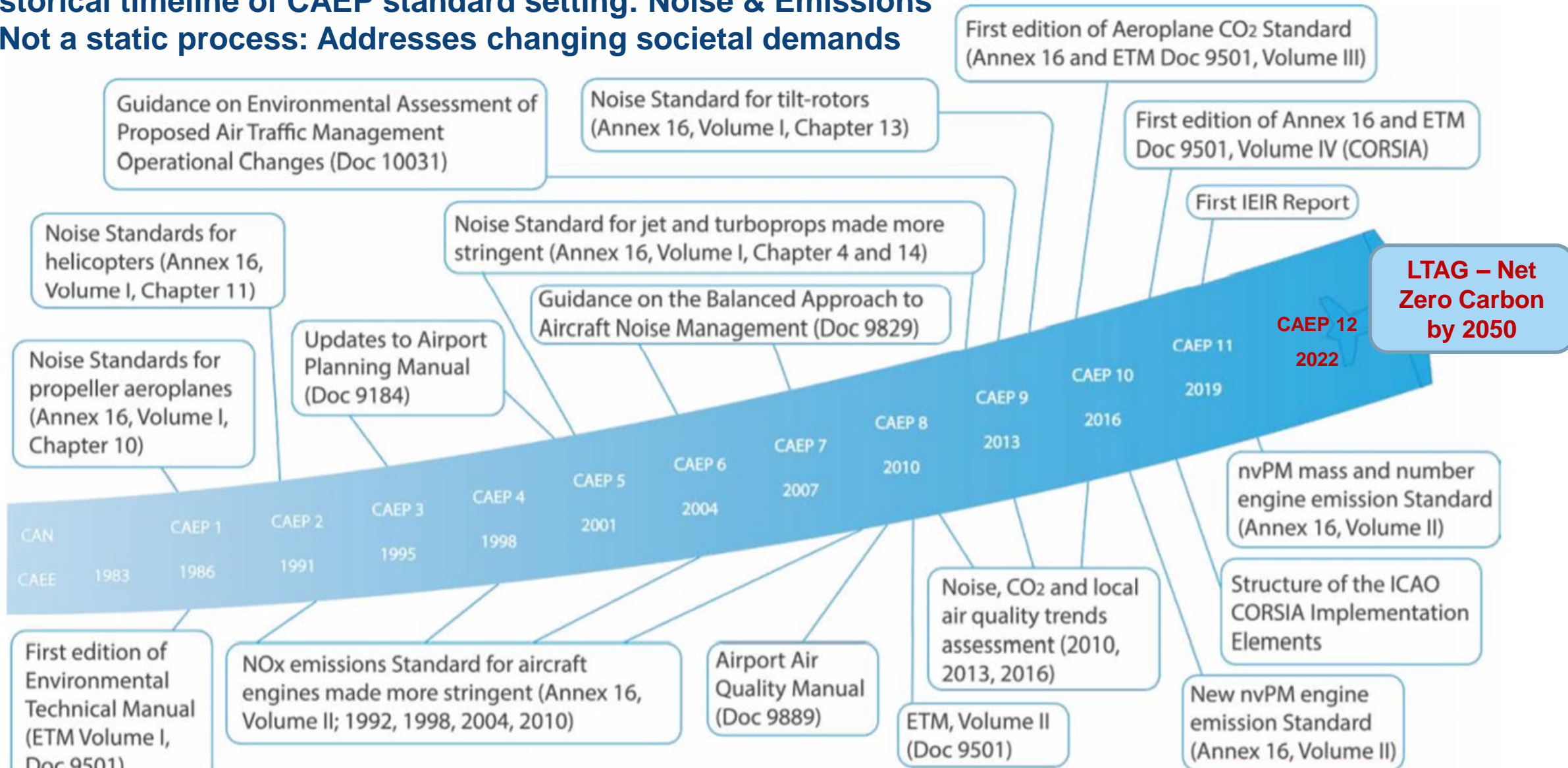
- \* Equivalent safety & performance*
- \* Comparable cost*
- \* Environmental improvement*
- \* Security of energy supply for aviation*

***SAF - Synthetic kerosene, primarily from renewable or circular economy H-C sources***

*Enables its diverse stakeholders to build relationships, share and collect data, identify resources, and direct research, development and deployment of alternative jet fuels*

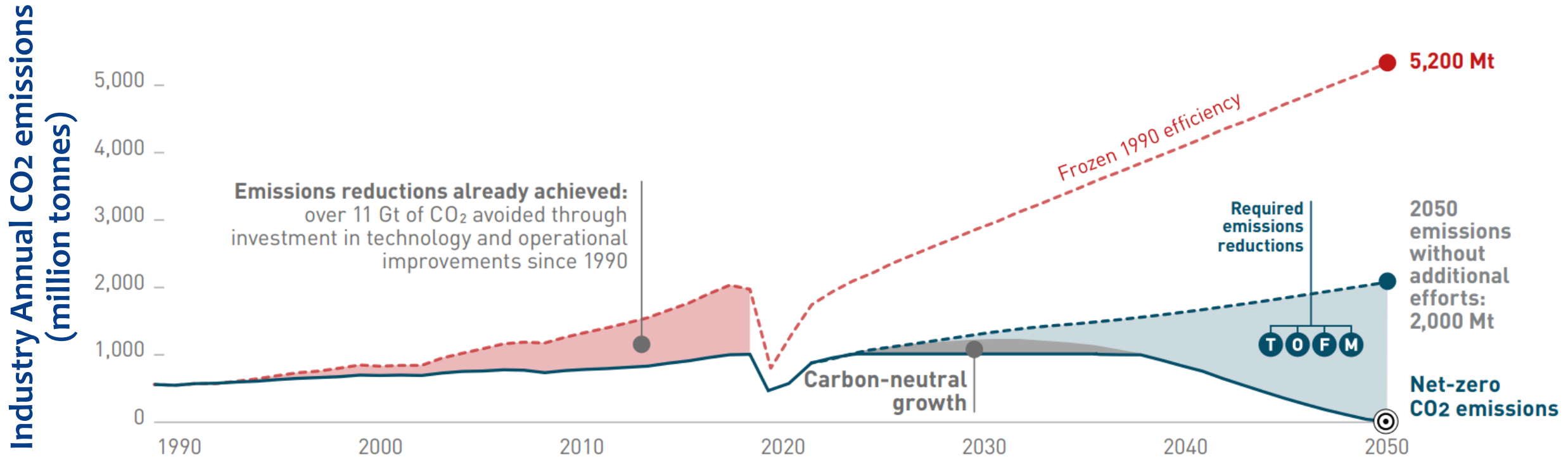
# Aviation takes its environmental responsibility seriously

Historical timeline of CAEP standard setting: Noise & Emissions  
 Not a static process: Addresses changing societal demands



Source: ICAO

# Civil Aviation commitments on CO<sub>2</sub> reductions



- T Technology, including radical new
- O Operations and Infrastructure
- F Sustainable Aviation Fuels
- M Market-based measures



# Majority of CO2 emissions come from medium- and long-range flights, and larger aircraft

## Global CO2 emissions from aviation – 2018, in % of total CO2 emitted

| Aircraft Type          | Flight Range Category (km) |   |           |           |           |        | Total Share CO2 Emissions | Global Fleet |
|------------------------|----------------------------|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------|---------------------------|--------------|
|                        | 0-500                      | 501-1000  | 1001-2000 | 2001-3000 | 3001-4500 | >4500  |                           |              |
| [UAV, UAM, GA, Feeder] |                            |   |           |           |           |        |                           |              |
| Commuter <19           | <1%                        | <b>Hybridization, electrification, fuel switching, ... to start in this space</b> |           |           |           |        | <1%                       | 4%           |
| Regional 20-80         | 1.2%                       | 1.2%  | 0.8%      | 0.1%      |           |        |                           |              |
| Short Range 81-165     | 1.6%                       | 5.8%  | 10.1%     | 4.0%      | 2.0%      |        |                           |              |
| Med. Range 166-250     | 1.1%                       | 4.9%  | 13.1%     | 8.4%      | 6.9%      | 8.5%   | 43%                       |              |
| Long Range >250        | 0.1%                       | 0.5%  | 1.6%      | 1.6%      | 1.9%      | 24.2%  | 30%                       |              |
| Total                  | ~4.5%                      | ~12.4%  | ~25.6%    | ~14.1%    | ~10.7%    | ~32.7% |                           |              |

**Technology needed for large aircraft electrification or H2 not viable for decades, without major paradigm changes!**



# Aviation is committed to the use of SAF

- \* Airline commitment at Sep'21 IATA/ATAG Forum: NZC by 2050, **with a focus on SAF**
- \* Further commitments to 10% SAF usage by 2030
  - \* **A4A & US Government Grand Challenge Announcement, 09Sep'21** — 3 B gpy by 2030
  - \* 60 companies in Clean Skies for Tomorrow program (IAG, oneworld, ...), 22Sep'21 — 35 B gpy by 2050
- \* Business Aviation similar commitments at Oct'21 NBACE
- \* Offtake committed for SAF production slates from first 7+ refineries, 5–15 years
- \* CORSIA incorporates SAF, NZC Long-Term Goal from last CAEP Cycle
- \* Countries now adopting additional targets and policy approaches for domestic SAF usage (RFS, LCFS, tax policy), including SAF blending mandates in the EU
- \* Aviation also interested in carbon abatement via adjacent tech: PtL, BECCS, DACCS
- \* OEMs and DOD continuing R&D, evaluating acquisition options

# A4A airlines' individual carbon / SAF commitments

## Beyond the joint A4A commitment for NZC 2050

\*Commitments as of 06Apr'23)



NZC by 2040; Offtakes with World Energy, Neste, Gevo, Aemetis



50M gallon absolute reduction of fuel by 2025; 10% SAF use by 2030; reduce GHG emissions intensity by 45% by 2035; Offtakes with Neste, Gevo, Aemetis, Prometheus; Yield10 feedstock MOU



Reduce absolute Scope 1 emissions by 20% by 2035; SAF demonstration flights



Pledge to be first carbon-neutral airline; 10% SAF use by 2030; Offtakes with Aemetis, Gevo, DG Fuels, Northwest Advanced Biofuels



NZC by 2040; \$2B investment target; \$100M for Natural Carbon Capture Center



Offtake with Gevo for 50M usg over 5 years; Par Pacific MOU for domestic production



NZC by 2040; 10% SAF use by 2030; Offtakes with Neste, SGPreston, Fidelis New Energy; Aemetis



NZC by 2050; 10% SAF use by 2030; reduce carbon emission per available seat by 20% by 2030 as compared to 2019; Offtakes with Marathon, Phillips 66, Velocys, Neste



Reduce GHG emissions by 100% (vs 2005) by 2050; \$100M SAF Investment Fund; Offtakes with World Energy, Fulcrum, Blue Blade Energy, Neste, Alder Fuels



30% SAF usage by global air fleet by 2035



20% reduction from 2019 air ops by 2030. \$40M investments in SAF and carbon reductions and removals; Net-zero GHG emissions by 2050 throughout global operations



# SAF (Sustainable Aviation Fuel)

a.k.a. aviation biofuel, biojet, alternative aviation fuel, SATF

**Aviation Fuel:** Maintains the certification basis of today's aircraft and jet (gas turbine) engines by delivering the properties of ASTM D1655 – Aviation Turbine Fuel – enables drop-in approach – no changes to infrastructure or equipment, obviating incremental billions of dollars of investment

**Sustainable:** Doing so while taking Social, Economic, and Environmental progress into account, especially addressing GHG reduction

**How:** Creating synthetic jet fuel with biochemical and thermochemical processes by starting with a different set of carbon molecules than petroleum ... a synthetic comprised of molecules essentially identical to petroleum-based jet (in whole or in part)

**Unabashedly – The lowest societal-impact way to decarbonize civil aviation!!**

# SAF progress - Technical

- \* **SAF are becoming increasingly technically viable**
  - \* **Aviation now knows we can utilize numerous production pathways**  
(7 approved, 6 in-process, >15 in earlier development)
  - \* **Utilizing thermo-chemical, bio-chemical, and refinery coprocessing conversion processes to produce pure hydrocarbons, followed by standard refinery processes**
  - \* **Enabling use of all major sustainable feedstocks**  
(lipids, sugars, lignocellulose, hydrogen & carbon sources, circular-economy byproduct streams)
  - \* **Following blending with petro-jet, SAF is drop-in, indistinguishable from petro-jet**
  - \* **Some future pathways expected to produce SAF blending components that will need less, or zero, blending**
  - \* **Expanding exploration of renewable crude co-processing with refineries**
  - \* **Continuing streamlining of qualification – time, \$, methods**

| ASTM D7566 Annex | Technology Type  | Process Feedstock  | Process Feedstock Sources   | Blend Requirement | Certification Date | Technology Developer*/ Licensor  | Commercialization Entities   |
|------------------|--|--|---|-------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| A1               | Fischer-Tropsch Synthetic Paraffinic Kerosene ( <b>FT-SPK</b> )  | Syngas (CO and H <sub>2</sub> at approximately a 1:2 ratio)    | Gasified sources of carbon and hydrogen: Biomass such as municipal solid waste (MSW), agricultural and forestry residues, wood and energy crops; Industrial off-gases; Non-renewable feedstocks such as coal and natural gas. | Yes, 50% max      | 2009               | <b>**Sasol</b> , Shell, Velocys, Johson Mathey/BP, ...                           | Sasol, Shell, Fulcrum, Red Rock, Velocys, Loring, Clean Planet Energy, ...   |
| A2               | Hydroprocessed Esters and Fatty Acids Synthetic Paraffinic Kerosene ( <b>HEFA-SPK</b> )                          | Fatty Acids and Fatty Acid Esters                              | Various lipids that come from plant and animal fats, oils, and greases (FOGs): chicken fat, white grease, tallow, yellow grease, brown grease, purpose grown plant oils, algal oils, microbial oils.                          | Yes, 50% max      | 2011               | <b>UOP/ENI</b> , Axens IFP, Neste, Haldor-Topsoe, UPM, Shell, REG ...            | World Energy, Neste, Total, SkyNRG, SGPreston, Preem, ..., many entities using technology for renewable diesel too |
| A3               | Hydroprocessed Fermented Sugars to Synthetic Isoparaffins ( <b>HFS-SIP</b> )                                     | Sugars   | Sugars from direct (cane, sweet sorghum, sugar beets, tubers, field corn) and indirect sources (C5 and C6 sugars hydrolyzed from cellulose);  | Yes, 10% max      | 2014               | <b>Amyris</b>  | Amyris / Total   |
| A4               | Fischer-Tropsch Synthetic Paraffinic Kerosene with Aromatics ( <b>FT-SPK/A</b> )                                 | Syngas   | Same as A1, with the addition of some aromatics derived from non-petroleum sources  | Yes, 50% max      | 2015               | <b>Sasol</b>   | none yet announced   |
| A5               | Alcohol to Jet Synthetic Paraffinic Kerosene ( <b>ATJ-SPK</b> )  | C2-C5 alcohols (limited to ethanol and iso-butanol at present) | C2-C5 alcohols derived from direct and indirect sources of sugar (see A3), or those produced from microbial conversion of syngas  | Yes, 50% max      | 2016               | <b>Gevo, Lanzatech</b> , (others pending including Swedish Biofuels, Byogy, ...) | Gevo, Lanzatech  |
| A6               | Catalytic Hydrothermolysis Synthesized Kerosene ( <b>CH-SK, or CHJ</b> )   | Fats, Oils, Greases  | Same as A2  | Yes, 50% max      | 2020               | <b>Applied Research Associates (ARA) / CLG</b>                                   | ARA, Wellington, UrbanX, Euglena, ...  |
| A7               | Hydroprocessed Hydrocarbons, Esters and Fatty Acids Synthetic Paraffinic Kerosene ( <b>HHC-SPK, or HC-HEFA</b> ) | Algal Oils   | Specifically, bio-derived hydrocarbons, fatty acid esters, and free fatty acids. Recognized sources at present only include the tri-terpenes produced by the Botryococcus braunii species of algae.                           | Yes, 10% max      | 2020               | <b>IHI Corporation</b>   | IHI  |

\* The entity who was primarily responsible for pushing the technology through aviation's D4054 qualification is shown in bold.

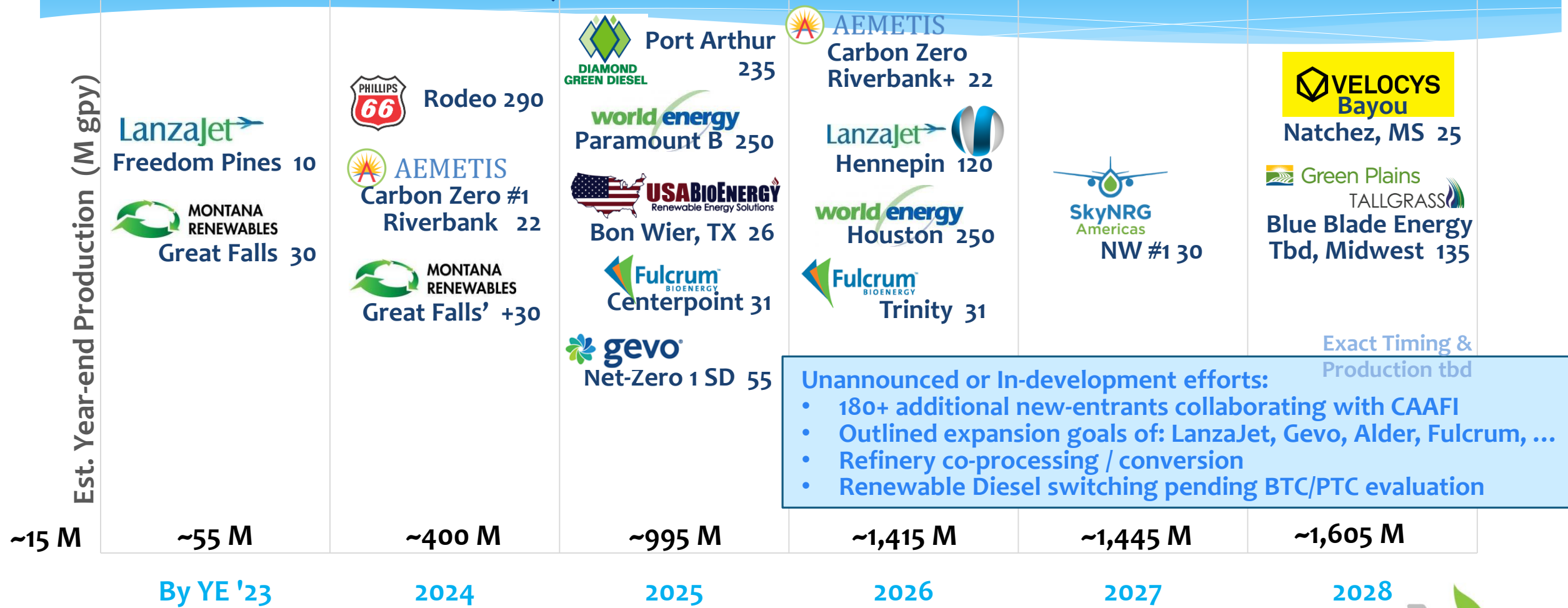
\*\* There are 3 major systems associated with FT conversion: Gasification, Gas Clean-up, and Fischer-Tropsch Reactor. This column focuses on the FT reactor only. There are over a hundred gasification entities in the world, and several of the major oil companies own and utilize gas clean-up technology. Further, up to the current time, FT reactors were only produced at very large scale. The unique technology brought to the market by Velocys *et al.* is a scaled-down, micro-channel reactor appropriately sized for processing of modest quantities of syngas as might be associated with a biorefinery.



# U.S. SAF production forecast

## Announced intentions, neat\*

Est. Year-end Production (M gpy)



Exact Timing & Production tbd

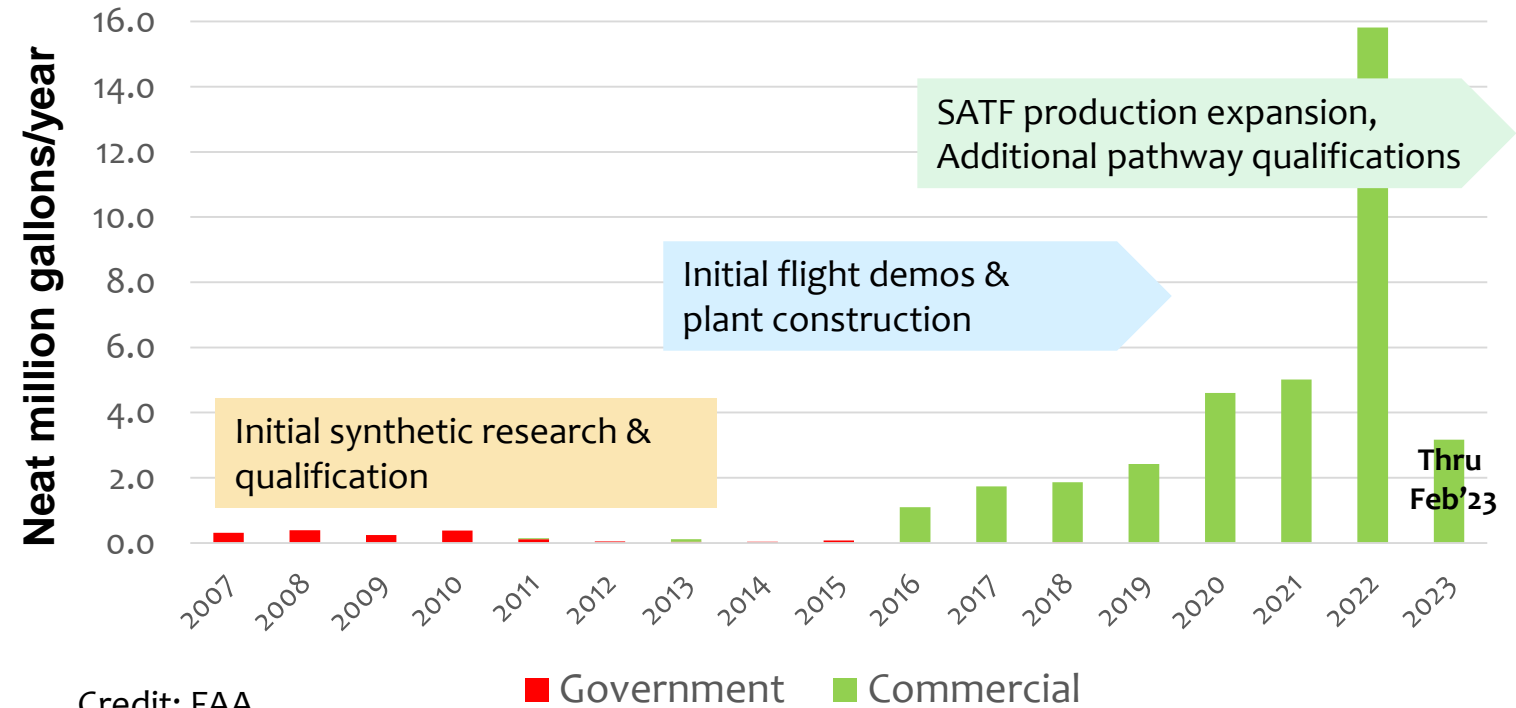
- Not comprehensive; CAAFI estimates (based on technology used & public reports) where production slates are not specified. Does not include various small batches produced for testing technology and markets.
- Does not include fractions of substantial Renewable Diesel capacity (existing and in-development) that can be shunted to SAF based on policy support

# Where we stand on U.S. SAF consumption

## Initiation underway, still early

- \* Approaching 8 years of sustained commercial production and use
- \* Commercial & Business Aviation engaged
- \* Two facilities in operation, several others in physical construction
- \* Cost delta still a challenge, with practicalities favoring renewable diesel
- \* Worldwide: Growing number of entities produced ~80M usg SAF in 2022 – Finland’s Neste the market leader

### U.S. SAF Procurements



Credit: FAA

\*Reflects voluntarily reported data on use by U.S. airlines, U.S. government, manufacturers, other fuel users, and foreign carriers uplifting at U.S. airports.

^2017-2021 calculation includes reported EPA RFS2 RINs for jet fuel.

2023 data as of Feb. 2023 summary

# No single feedstock is targeted, nor sufficient

## Aviation climate targets may drive 3 million hectares of deforestation

The aviation industry's climate targets are likely to lead to a dramatic increase in demand for palm oil and soy for aviation biofuels. A new report concludes that this may result in 3.2 million hectares of tropical forest loss – an area larger than Belgium.

Published: 01.10.2019



- \* Extrapolation of uniformed positions, sacrosanct beliefs and pet-peeves can lead to extraordinary theories and positions
- \* Aviation has embraced verifiable sustainability and standards, and has shunned some more controversial solutions



# SAF production potential outlook: 2050

## Targets of opportunity with low ILUC and affordability

Waypoint 2050 scenario requirements for SAF in 2050

(range depends on the emissions reduction factor of the fuels)

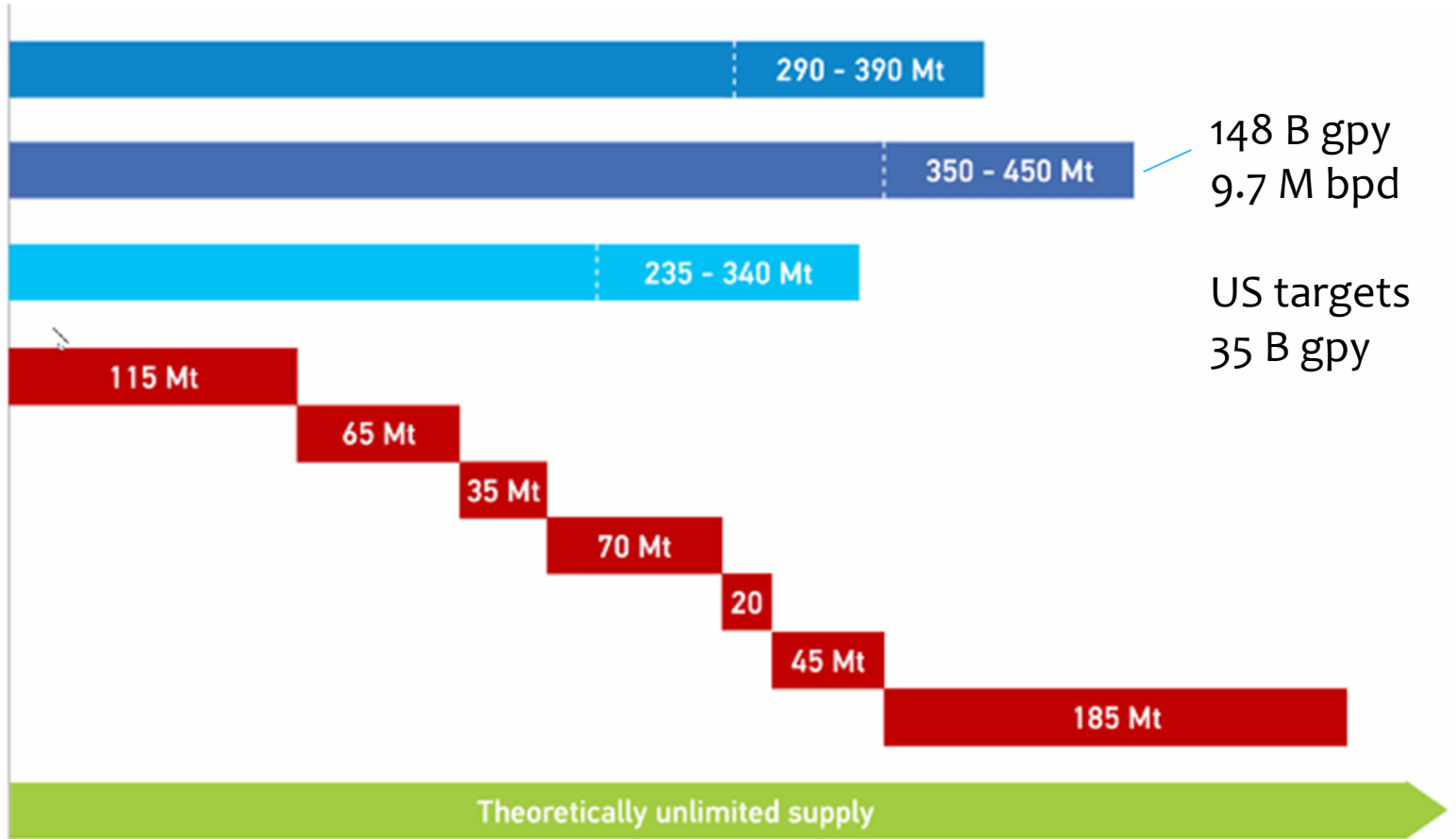
Analysis of SAF production potentials

(very conservative estimate using strict sustainability criteria)



F<sub>2</sub>  
F<sub>3</sub>  
F<sub>4</sub>

- Municipal solid waste
- Forestry waste residues
- Wood processing waste
- Agricultural waste residues
- Waste food production oils
- Industrial off-gases
- Oil and cellulosic crops
- Power-to-Liquid\*



148 B gpy  
9.7 M bpd

US targets  
35 B gpy

\*depends on availability, allocation of renewable energy and technical development of PtL as an aviation option.

# Promising emerging technologies / feedstocks

- \* Those that lower cost or increase value of total production slate
  - \* Higher carbon utilization from feedstocks
  - \* Lower CapEx and/or Lower OpEx – enabling use of low-cost, plentiful, 24x7 feedstocks and integrated industrial systems
  - \* Finding higher value for production slip streams or byproducts
  - \* Capturing value from other environmental services
  - \* Driving to ultra low CI scores to increase value from rewarding policy
- \* Steady stream of low TRL examples for the above
- \* **All of the above are the remit of EERI / BETO and other DOE offices**

# SAF Grand Challenge (SGC) & Roadmap

- \* Basically a plan for Government Engagement to build a foundation for success
- \* Roadmap: Progress plan via multiple Action Areas - matrixed workstreams, via 6 key foci:
  - \* Feedstock Innovation – USDA focus
  - \* **Conversion Technology & Processes – EERE/BETO focus: assisting in scaling to commercialization**
  - \* Building Regional Supply Chains – Joint agency focus
  - \* Policy and Valuation Analysis – think tanks, academia, industry proposals; agency analysis of impact
  - \* Enabling End Use – FAA focus
  - \* Communicating Progress & Building Support – CAAFI focus
- \* The expanded approach outlined by the SGC is not fully funded at present. The IRA addresses some opportunities. So, efforts will likely be needed in subsequent budgets (various DOE Offices, FAA AEE, USDA Farm Bill, ... ), necessitating stakeholder advocacy.
- \* Industry working a set reciprocal commitments from all supply chain members (producers to buyers).

# Overall industry summary on SAF:

## SAF are key for meeting industry's commitments on carbon reductions

- Aviation enterprise aligned, representing a 26B gpy US & 97B gpy worldwide opt'y
- Jet fuel demand expected to increase for foreseeable future ... 3 - 5% per year (following COVID rebound)
- SAF delivers net GHG reductions of 65-100+%, other enviro services – available starting today, allow decarbonization to commence while other technologies mature at appropriate paces
- Segment knows how to make it; Activities from FRL 1 to 9, with many in “pipeline”
- First facilities on-line (biorefineries and co-processing), increasing run-rates, multiple offtakers
- Numerous commercial agreements being pursued, fostered by policy and other unique approaches
- Pathways identified for fully synthetic SAF (50% max blend today), enhancing SAF value proposition by enabling deeper net-carbon reductions
- Additional work needed on “appropriate conversion process for targeted feedstocks” enabling affordability – can policy close the gap in the meantime?
- **The work of DOE (via EERE/BETO, office of Science, LPO, BRCs, National Labs, and others) is key to creating the enabling foundation of success.**

**Steve Csonka**

**Executive Director, CAAFI**

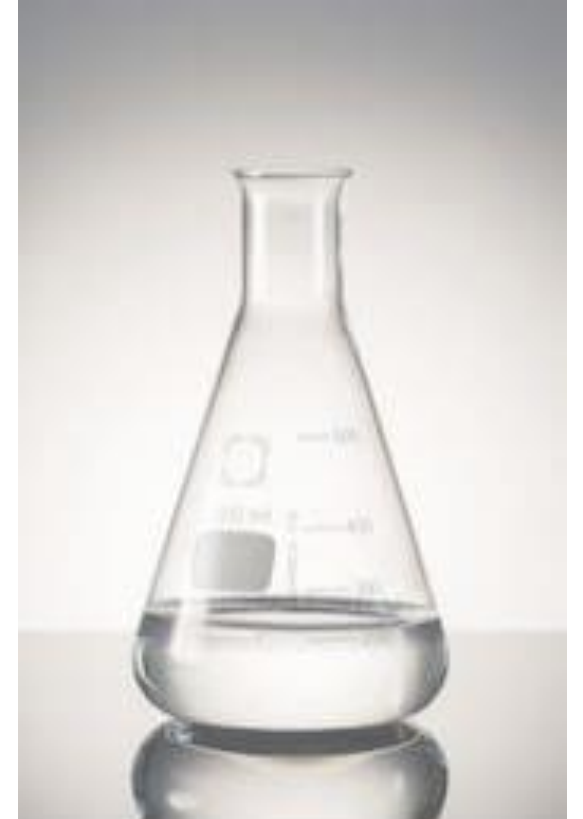
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# International efforts expanding

## Various public-private partnerships advancing SAF

- \* **Canadian C-SAF (GARDN closed)**

- \* [Canadian Council for Sustainable Aviation Fuels is launched - C-SAF](#)

- \* **Australia – New Zealand SAFAANZ – Jet Council**

- \* [SAF-report.pdf \(asianaviation.com\)](#)

- \* **UK Jet Zero Council**

- \* [Jet Zero Council - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#)

- \* **WEF Clean Skies for Tomorrow**

- \* [Home > Clean Skies for Tomorrow Coalition | World Economic Forum \(weforum.org\)](#)

- \* **aireg – Aviation Initiative for Renewable Energy in Germany**

- \* [Home \(EN\) - Aviation Initiative for Renewable Energy in Germany e.V. \(aireg.de\)](#)



# EESI: Investments in Clean Energy and Transportation Innovations in the Federal and Private Sectors

Abby Campbell Singer  
Head of Climate & Infrastructure Policy  
Siemens USA



# Siemens U.S., a network across all 50 states

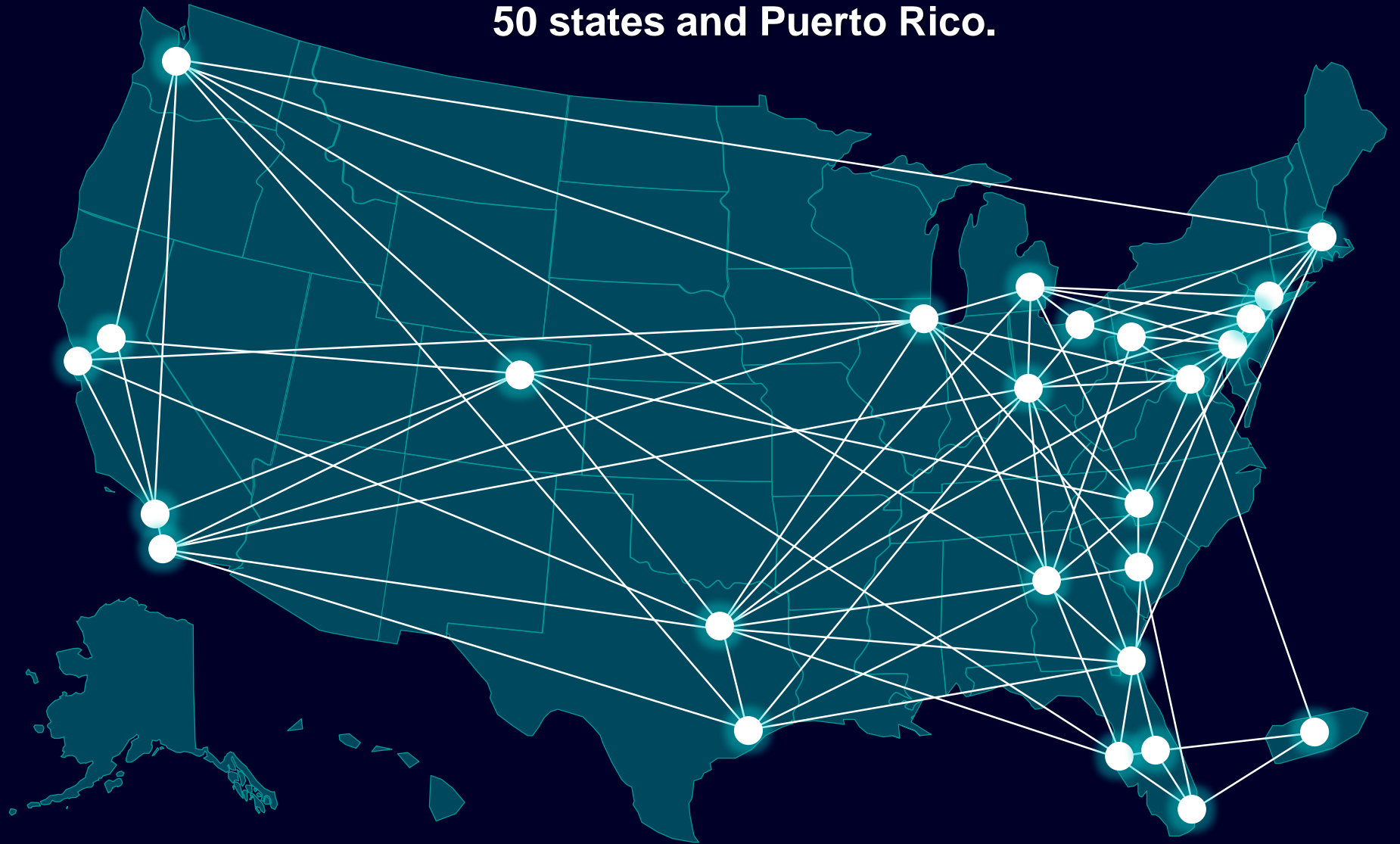
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# U.S. Department of Energy Office of Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy

## Key Programs to Support Strong R&D and Investment Ecosystems

**Spurring emerging industries**

EV Charging, Vehicles, National  
Network

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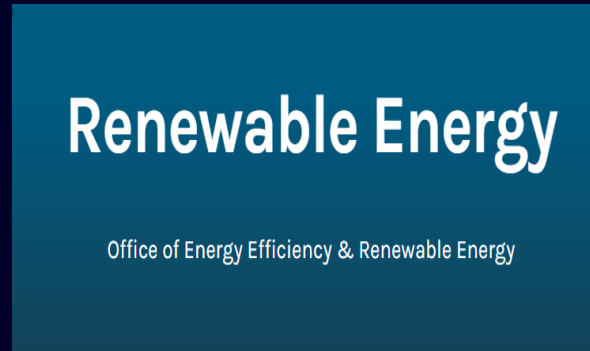
**Making buildings and plants  
smarter, more efficient, and reducing  
emissions**

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**Critical Grid Technologies** developing  
and deploying domestic energy  
resources

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**Modernizing Manufacturing** through  
resources and research



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