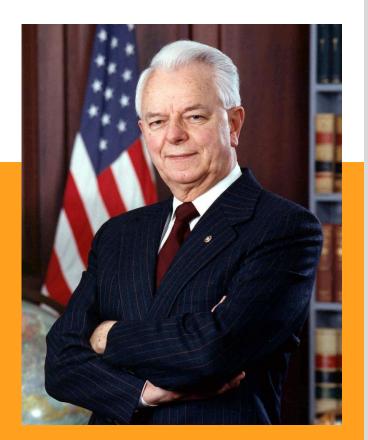
What's In and Out of Budget Reconciliation

Playing by the Rules

- Frankly, it's all about the Senate
- Instructions from the budget resolution to the committee must be followed.
 - Committee Jurisdictions
 - Meet a savings target / don't go over the "cost" target
- Amendments to the bill must be germane, may not increase the deficit (unless to strike), and are still subject to the rules (including the Byrd Rule)

Playing by the (Byrd) Rules



A <u>surgical</u> point of order against "extraneous matter"

- it does not produce a change in outlays or revenues;
- it produces an outlay increase or revenue decrease when the instructed committee is not in compliance with its instructions;
- 3) it is outside of the jurisdiction of the committee that submitted the title or provision;
- 4) it produces a change in outlays or revenues which is **merely incidental** to the nonbudgetary components of the provision;
- it would increase the deficit for a fiscal year beyond the "budget window" covered by the reconciliation measure;
- 6) it recommends changes in Social Security.

Clearly Allowed

- "Rates and Dates"
- Tax policy (but don't be too specific)
- Expand or trim existing mandatory spending (except Social Security)
- New direct spending programs (with some limits)

Clearly Not Allowed

- Changing Social Security
- Things that do not "score" regulations
 - Points of Order
 - Civil and Criminal Code
- Provisions/policy from the wrong committee
- Long-term deficit increases without an on-committee offset

- The "merely incidental" test is subjective.
 - The Senate Parliamentarian makes the advisement/ruling based on established precedent.
 - It is argued by staff or Senators behind closed doors.
- The key is: can you successfully argue what you are doing is about the spending or revenue changes proposed?
- Edge Case Examples:
 - Single Target Newman's Own and Planned Parenthood
 - Waivers Shield rural areas from IPAB
 - Changing a regulation on industry Essential health benefits

Everything In Between



Lessons from The American Rescue Plan Act of 2021

- Direct spending from authorizing committees is more permitted than previously thought
- Filling up a pot of money that has restrictions is easier than new money with restrictions
- Reinforced the single-target limitations which is relevant for infrastructure
- Keep your provisions' jurisdiction boundaries clean