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2021 Sustainable Energy in America Factbook

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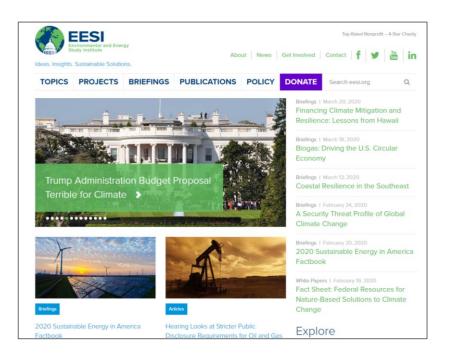
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Focused on win-win solutions to make our energy, buildings, and transportation sectors sustainable, resilient, and more equitable

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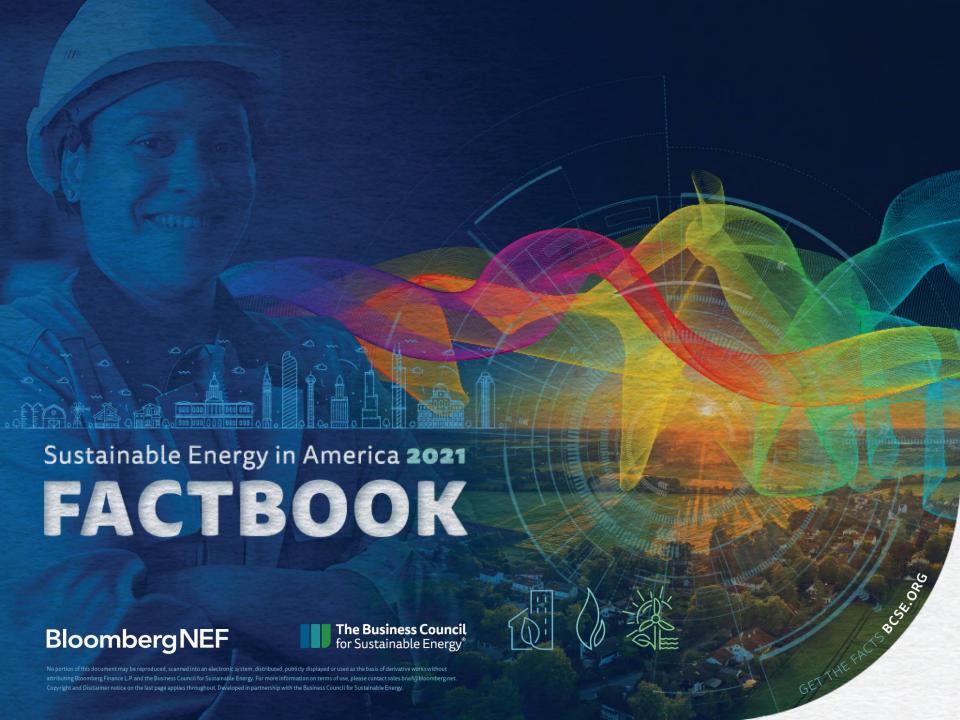




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Faces Behind the Facts

Success Stories of the 2021 Sustainable Energy in America Factbook



Derek Sutherland CT Fusion Seattle, WA



Gina Wolf Enel Green Power Lenexa, KS | Andover, MA



Steve Anglin WeSolar CSP Princeton, NJ



Karl Jantze HySonic West Lafayette, IN



Timothy Held Echogen Power Systems Akron, OH

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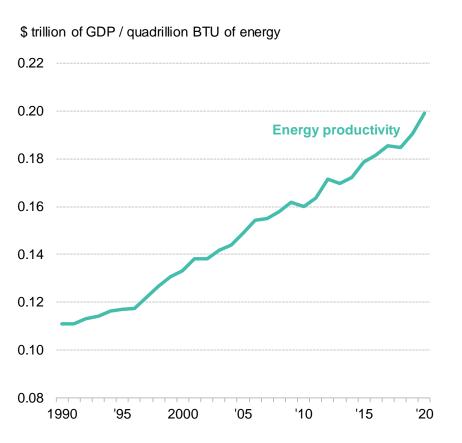
The 2021 Sustainable Energy in America Factbook

EESI event

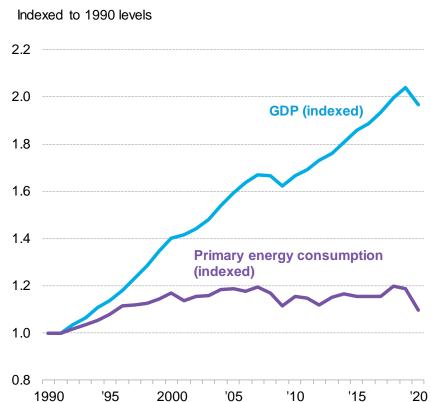
Melina Bartels

U.S. 2020 energy productivity rose, but Americans suffered

U.S. GDP and primary energy consumption



U.S. energy productivity

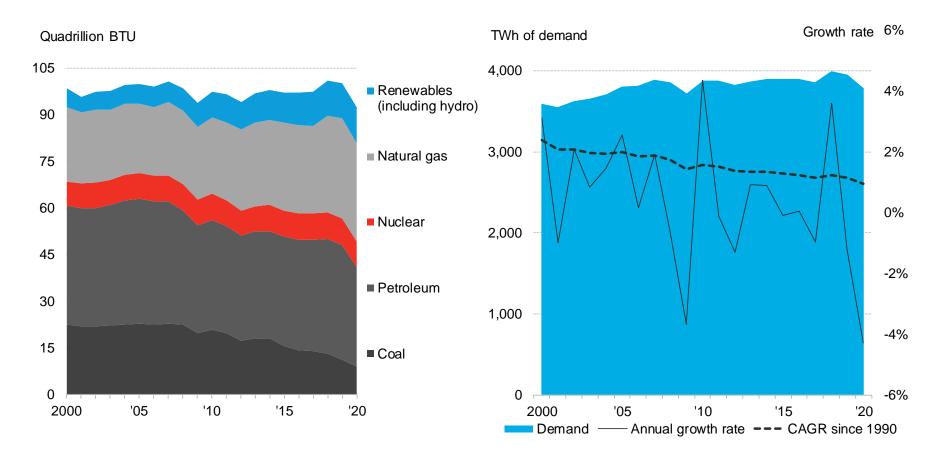


Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, EIA, BloombergNEF Notes: Values for 2019 are projected, accounting for seasonality, based on latest monthly values from EIA (data available through September 2020). 2020 GDP estimate is a projection from economists compiled at ECFC <GO> on the Bloomberg Terminal.

Fossil fuel use dropped very sharply, electricity demand also fell but by less

U.S. primary energy consumption, by fuel type

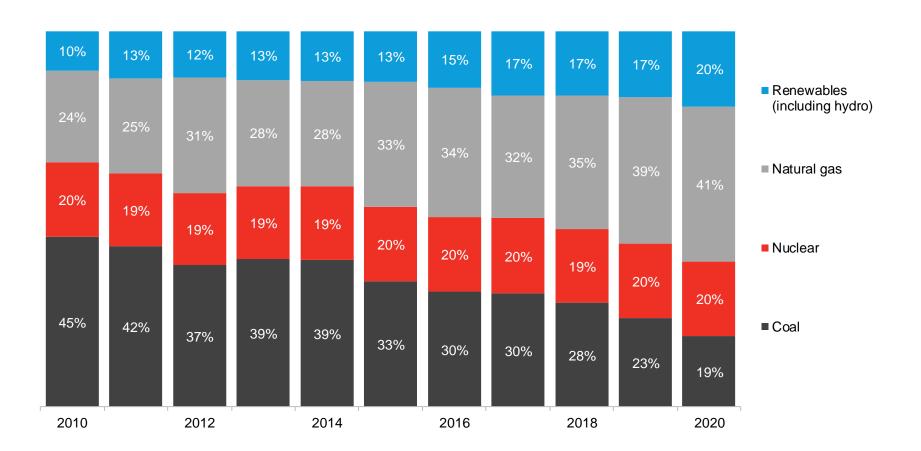
U.S. electricity demand



Source: EIA, BloombergNEF Notes: "CAGR" on the right hand side graph is compound annual growth rate. Values for 2020 are projected, accounting for seasonality, based on the latest monthly values from EIA (data available through September 2020). BTU stands for British thermal units.

Lower-carbon sources now predominate in U.S. power

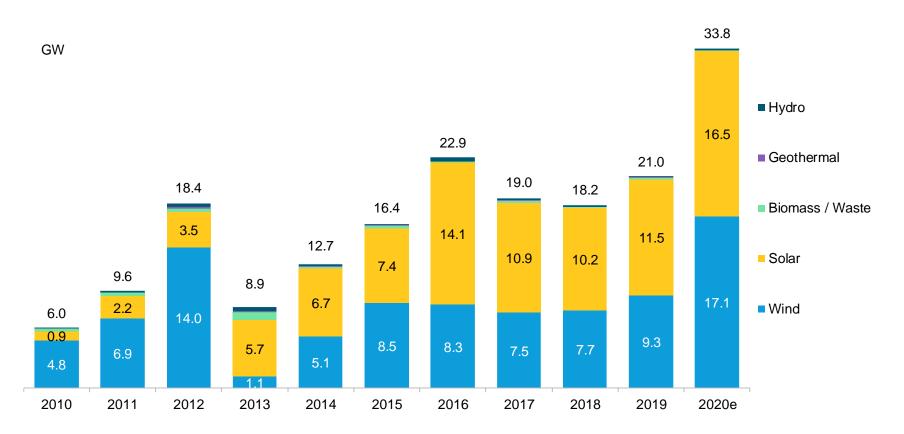
U.S. electricity generation, by fuel type



Source: EIA, BloombergNEF Note: Values for 2020 are projected, accounting for seasonality, based on latest monthly values from EIA (data available through October 2020)

Renewables had a blockbuster year, despite challenges

U.S. new renewable energy capacity build (GW)

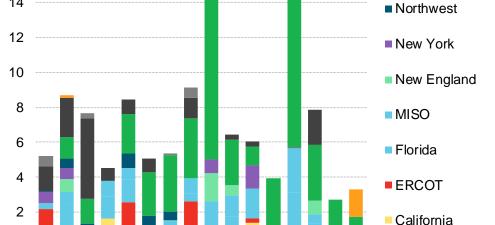


Source: BloombergNEF, EIA Notes: All values are shown in AC except solar, which is included as DC capacity. Numbers include utility-scale (>1MW) projects of all types, rooftop solar, and small- and medium-sized wind. Includes installations or planned installations reported to the EIA through October 2020, as well as BloombergNEF projections.

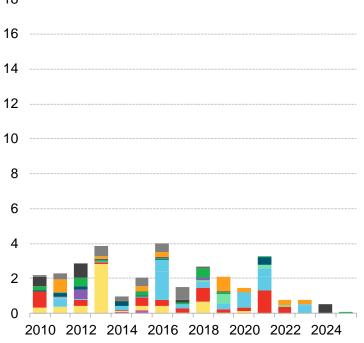
Substantial additional gas-fired power plants are due online...

GW SPP GW Southwest Southeast 18 PJM Open cycle build SW Southeast 18 PJM Open cycle build 18 Southeast 18

Alaska



2010 2012 2014 2016 2018 2020 2022 2024

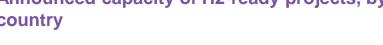


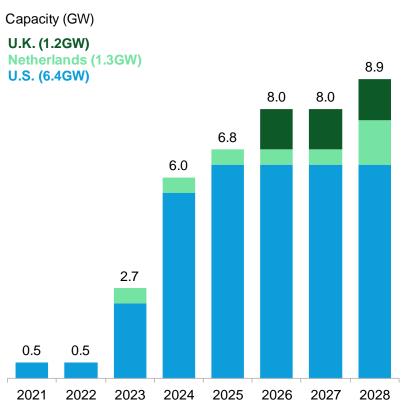
Source: EIA, BNEF

Combined cycle build

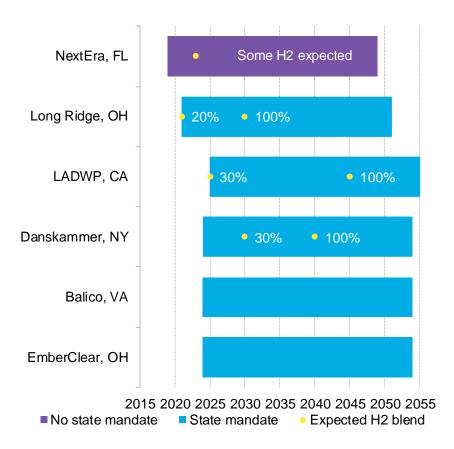
... and some will be paired with hydrogen

Announced capacity of H2-ready projects, by country





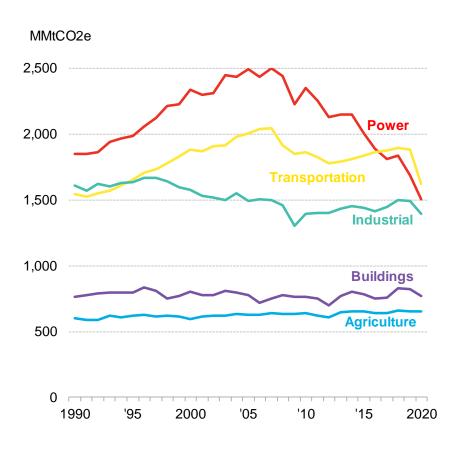
U.S. projects' H2 blending targets



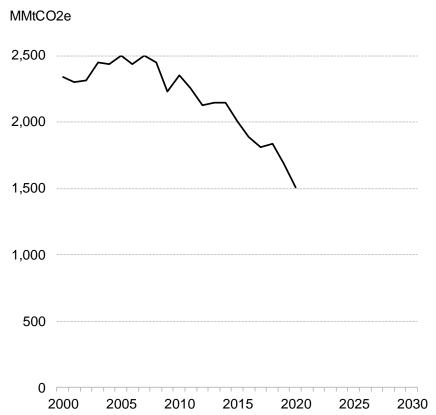
Source: BloombergNEF. Note: Left chart reflects announced and financed commercial projects. On right chart, Dashed = No announced hydrogen blend timeline. LADWP = Los Angeles Department of Water and Power. Bars begin at expected commercial operation date. 30-year asset lifetime assumed. State mandate means there is a state-level clean energy target.

Power emissions are down, at least for now

U.S. greenhouse gas emissions by sector



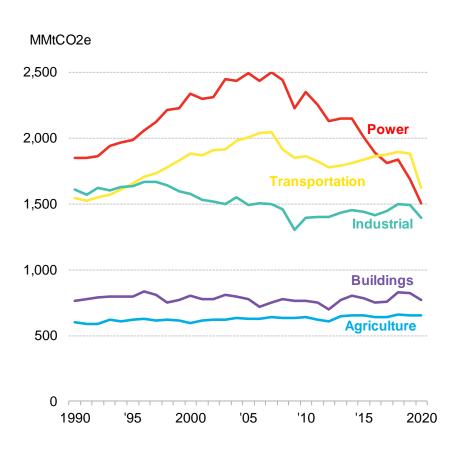
Power emissions goals



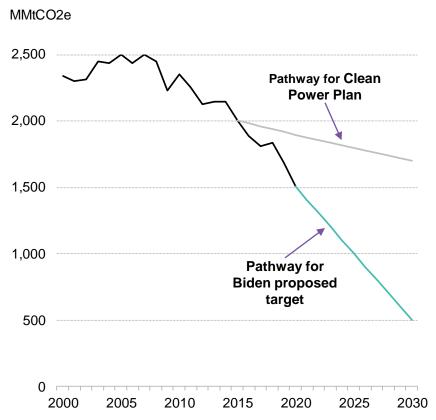
Source: BloombergNEF, EIA, EPA Inventory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Sinks: 1990-2016 Notes: "Sinks" refer to forests and green areas which absorb carbon dioxide. Values for 2020 are projected, accounting for seasonality, based on monthly values from EIA available through September 2020 and BNEF projections.

Power emissions are down, at least for now

U.S. greenhouse gas emissions by sector



Power emissions goals



Source: BloombergNEF, EIA, EPA Inventory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Sinks: 1990-2016 Notes: "Sinks" refer to forests and green areas which absorb carbon dioxide. Values for 2020 are projected, accounting for seasonality, based on monthly values from EIA available through September 2020 and BNEF projections.

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Charles Hernick

Vice President of Policy and Advocacy Citizens for Responsible Energy Solutions

Governments globally included decarbonization in stimulus packages

Global Covid-19 stimulus approved as of January 2021

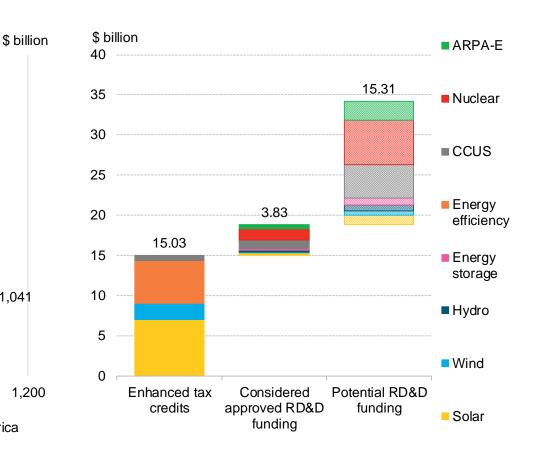
400

Sub-Saharan Africa

Oceania

MENA

New U.S. green stimulus



Source: Governments, media reports, BloombergNEF Note: 'Approved green stimulus' includes support to CO2-intensive sectors and companies with green conditions. Enhanced tax credit funding levels are based on U.S. Congress Joint Committee on Taxation estimate of new spending for those functions during 2021-30 fiscal years. Excludes extension of excise tax credits relating to alternative fuels because this includes support for fossil fuels and green fuels.

North America

800

■ EU

939

1,041

Asia

Other Europe

■ Latin America

Approved

green stimulus

Approved

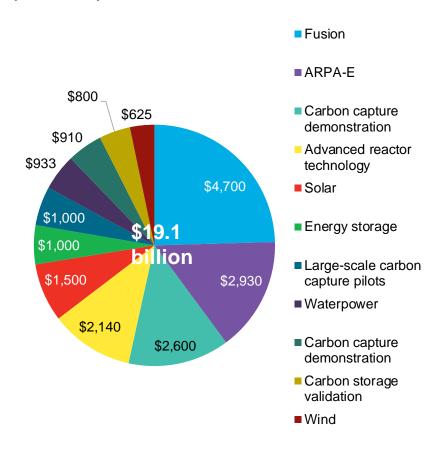
stimulus for

CO2-intensive

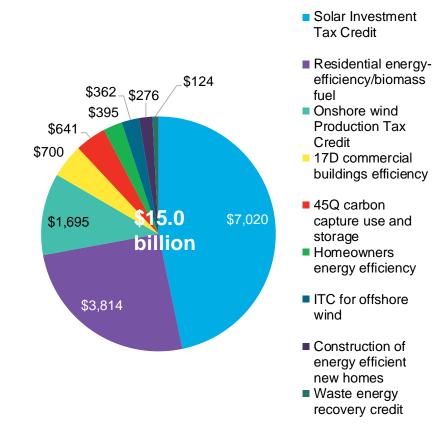
industries

In the U.S., this meant RD&D and tax credits

Energy RD&D spending in U.S. stimulus bill (\$millions)



U.S. energy tax credit enhancements, 2021-2030 (\$millions)



 $Sources: \textit{BloombergNEF}, \ \textit{U.S. Congress Joint Committee on Taxation}$





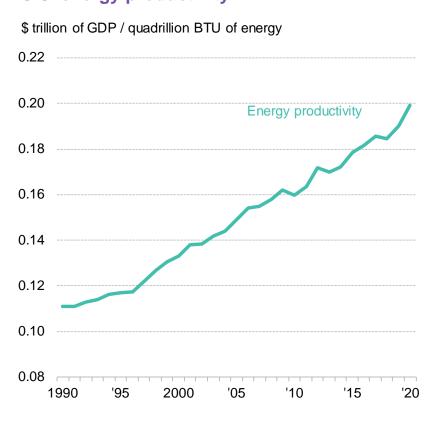


Ben Evans

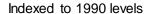
Vice President, Public Affairs Alliance to Save Energy

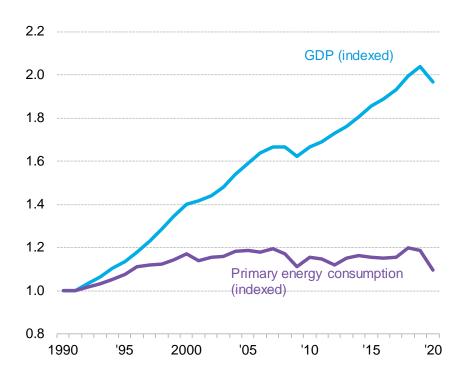
U.S. 2020 energy productivity rose, but Americans suffered

U.S. energy productivity



U.S. GDP and primary energy consumption





Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, EIA, BloombergNEF Notes: Values for 2019 are projected, accounting for seasonality, based on latest monthly values from EIA (data available through September 2020). 2020 GDP estimate is a projection from economists compiled at ECFC <GO> on the Bloomberg Terminal.



Bryn Baker

Director, Policy Innovation Renewable Energy Buyers Alliance

Finance: Corporate sustainability targets

Key players: corporate clean energy procurement



Key players: corporate vehicle electrification



Key players: corporate energy efficiency









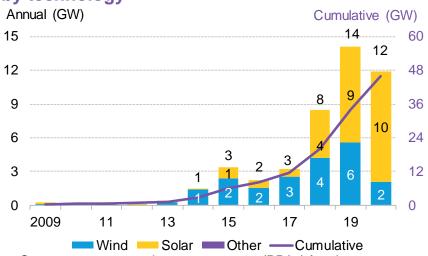
- The Climate Group's RE100 initiative, whose signatories pledge to offset 100% of their electricity consumption with renewables, had another record year of growth in 2020. Some 65 new companies joined, bringing the total number of signatories to 285. The U.S. holds onto its title as the most dominant market, with 79 (28%) of these companies. Technology (18) and Financials (18) are the most prominent sectors in the U.S.
- Through 2020, 123 companies have joined The Climate Group's EP100 campaign, which is nearly double the 64 that had joined at the end of 2019. Signatories pledge to double their energy productivity by 2030, while also cutting energy waste and owning and operating energy-smart buildings. Notable companies to join in 2020 include Lloyds Banking Group, Mitie and Derwent.
- The Climate Group's EV100 campaign, under which companies make a public commitment to integrate electric vehicles (EV) into their fleet or support EV charging infrastructure at their operations by 2030, is now up to 92 companies. Members such as DHL and EDF have already made significant progress in electrifying their vehicle fleets, purchasing 22,300 and 3,600 EVs, respectively.

Source: BloombergNEF, The Climate Group, company announcements Note: Chart is a list of companies that have either joined a respective campaign or made other efforts in these sectors.

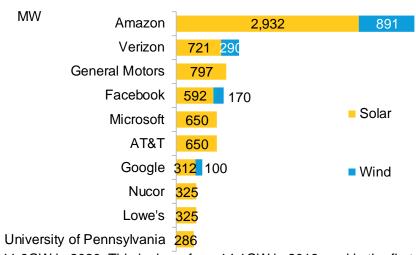
Beverage

Finance: Corporate procurement of clean energy in the U.S.

Renewable capacity contracted by corporations, by technology



Largest corporate offtakers, 2020



- Corporate power purchase agreements (PPAs) for clean energy totaled 11.9GW in 2020. This is down from 14.1GW in 2019, and is the first drop in annual corporate PPA volumes since 2016. Covid-19 was the biggest factor in the drop just 4.3GW of deals were announced in the first half of the year as companies tightened budgets and shifted priorities internally in response to the pandemic. Some 7.6GW of deals were announced in the second half of the year, signaling that companies will be better prepared to carry on sustainability initiative during any future disruptions.
- Solar has become the dominant clean energy technology sought by corporations. This is emblematic of a growing power markets expertise
 among buyers, who are trying to capture peak power pricing, which solar tends to capture better than wind. Additionally, many wind projects in
 popular markets like ERCOT and SPP have seen their revenues erode as more zero marginal cost clean energy is built, which depresses prices.
 This has prompted companies to instead seek solar contracts in these markets.
- Amazon was by far the largest corporate buyer of clean energy in 2020, at 3.8GW. The company announced 21 individual clean energy PPAs in the U.S., with most projects cited in Virginia and Ohio. Verizon (1GW) and General Motors (797MW) were the next largest buyers. A slew of firsttime buyers also entered the market in 2020, including Applied Materials, Henkel and Nucor.

Source: BloombergNEF Note: Charts show offsite PPAs only



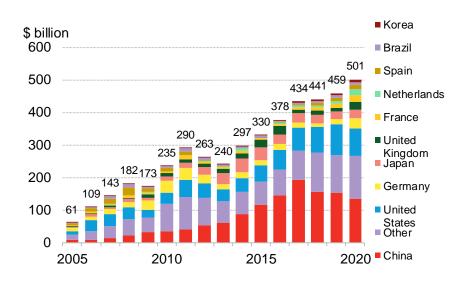




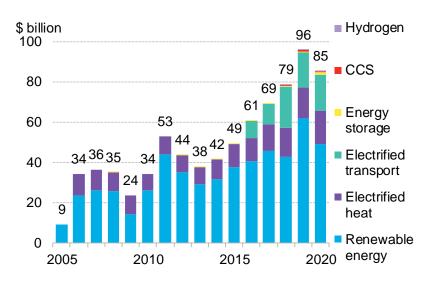
Director, Federal Government Affairs
Sempra Energy

Finance: Total new clean energy transition investment

Global economy-wide investment, by country



U.S. economy-wide investment, by sector



- Global energy transition investment hit \$500 billion for the first time in 2020 a 9% increase over 2019 marking the largest growth since 2016-2017.
- The U.S. accounted for \$85 billion (or nearly 20% of this global investment), but decreased 11% below 2019. The nation continues to spend the lion's share of its energy transition capital on renewable energy (58% of total spend) while transport remained a strong growth area (a 42% investment increase in the last 5 years, relative to power's 31%). Notably, the U.S. now invests roughly \$100 million/year in hydrogen, the vast majority of which is tied to fuel cell vehicle sales.
- U.S. renewable energy was not immune to the multi-sector investment dip in 2020. Last year, \$12 billion less was invested in renewable technologies (a 20% decrease) than in 2019. Solar and wind continued to pull the majority of the capital, accounting for 99% of all renewable energy investment.

Source: BloombergNEF, "Energy Transition Investment Trends, 2021"





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